

Statistical bulletin

Balance of Payments, UK: Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016

A measure of cross-border transactions between the UK and rest of the world. Includes trade, income, capital transfers and foreign assets and liabilities.



Release date: 30 September 2016

Next release: 23 December 2016

Correction

6 December 2016

A processing error has been identified in the exports and imports within the "erratics" series (which includes non-monetary gold, silver, precious stones, aircraft and ships) of UK Trade, affecting the period January 2015 to September 2016.

The error does not affect any series before January 2015, nor does it affect the trade in services series. Corrections to trade data will be incorporated into the UK Trade release on 9 December 2016. Because the "erratics" series is volatile, a total trade series that excludes erratics may provide a better guide to the emerging trade picture. We will therefore include a total trade in goods and services excluding erratics series in the next release to supplement the trade in goods excluding erratics series already available. The correction of the erratics series will also affect the quarterly Balance of Payments from Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2015 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016, and it will change some expenditure components of the Quarterly National Accounts for the same period. There is no impact on total GDP, as the corrections to components of trade and the acquisitions less disposals of valuables offset each other. However, the composition of the expenditure estimate of GDP will change from what was published in the second estimate of GDP Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2016.

The correction will be incorporated into the Quarterly National Accounts and Balance of Payments on 23 December, as part of the Quarter 3 2016 release.

The correction will be incorporated into the next annual Blue Book and Pink Book publication during October 2017, which is the next available opportunity. Some analysis and ad-hoc tables providing the impact on geographic tables within chapter 9 of the Pink Book (current account geographic tables) will be issued in early 2017. This analysis will include all current account annual revisions published as part of the Balance of Payments Quarter 3 2016 release.

The appended table of key aggregates of UK Trade and Balance of Payments gives an indication of the impact of correcting this error. This incorporates the use of some actual data in place of a forecast for September 2016. However, other data revisions to trade data will be included in the UK Trade release on 9 December 2016.

We apologise for any inconvenience.

	Trade balance - published	Trade balance - indicative new values	Revision
2015	-38674	-31933	6741
2015 Q1	-9938	-10420	-482
Q2	-8,183	-7,219	964
Q3	-9,976	-8,102	1,874
Q4	-10,577	-6,192	4,385
2016 Q1	-9,975	-9,415	560
Q2	-12,691	-9,929	2,762
Q3	-11,047	-17,001	-5,954
2015 Jan	-2,940	-3,482	-542
Feb	-3,590	-3,889	-299
Mar	-3,408	-3,049	359
Apr	-2,977	-2,929	48
May	-2,164	-2,044	120
Jun	-3,042	-2,246	796
Jul	-4,722	-3,526	1,196
Aug	-3,338	-2,578	760
Sep	-1,916	-1,998	-82
Oct	-3,870	-3,852	18
Nov	-3,986	-1,968	2,018
Dec	-2,721	-372	2,349
2016 Jan	-4,442	-1,423	3,019
Feb	-3,587	-3,454	133
Mar	-1,946	-4,538	-2,592
Apr	-2,983	-3,918	-935
May	-4,056	-1,797	2,259
Jun	-5,652	-4,214	1,438
Jul	-2,058	-4,201	-2,143
Aug	-3,768	-6,211	-2,443
Sep	-5,221	-6,589	-1,368

		Current account balance - published	Current account balance - indicative new values	Revision	Current account balance as % of GDP - published	Current account balance as % of GDP - indicative new values
2	2015	-100,167	-93,426	6741	-5.4	-5.0
	2015 Q1	-24,972	-25,454	-482	-5.4	-5.5
(Q2	-21,964	-21,000	964	-4.7	-4.5
(Q3	-20,490	-18,616	1,874	-4.4	-4.0
(Q4	-32,741	-28,356	4,385	-7.0	-6.0
	2016 Q1	-26,999	-26,439	560	-5.7	-5.6
(Q2	-28,684	-25,922	2,762	-5.9	-5.4

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1. Main points

The UK's current account deficit was £28.7 billion in Quarter 2 (April to June) 2016, up from a revised deficit of £27.0 billion in Quarter 1 (January to March) 2016. The deficit in Quarter 2 2016 equated to 5.9% of gross domestic product (GDP) at current market prices, up from 5.7% in Quarter 1 2016.

The widening in the current account deficit was mainly due to a widening in the deficits on trade and secondary income, partially offset by a narrowing in the primary income deficit.

The total trade deficit widened to £12.7 billion in Quarter 2 2016, from £10.0 billion in Quarter 1 2016. This was due to the trade in goods deficit widening by £1.8 billion and a £0.9 billion narrowing in the trade in services surplus.

The primary income deficit narrowed to £10.0 billion in Quarter 2 2016, from £11.5 billion in Quarter 1 2016. The narrowing was mainly due to a narrowing in the deficit on direct investment, partially offset by a slight widening in the deficit on portfolio investment.

The deficit on secondary income widened by £0.5 billion, from £5.5 billion in Quarter 1 2016 to £6.0 billion in Quarter 2 2016. This was due to payments increasing while receipts were virtually unchanged.

The financial account recorded a net inflow of £14.5 billion during Quarter 2 2016.

The international investment position recorded UK net liabilities of £57.0 billion at the end of Quarter 2 2016.

2. Review of how economic statistics are published

From January 2017 we are improving the way we publish economic statistics, with related data grouped together under new "theme" days. This will increase the coherence of our data releases and involve minor changes to the timing of certain publications. For more information see Changes to publication schedule for economic statistics.

3 . Summary

The balance of payments summarises the economic transactions of the UK with the rest of the world. These transactions can be broken down into 3 main accounts: the current account, the capital account and the financial account.

The current account comprises the trade in goods and services account, the primary income account and secondary income account. The difference in the monetary value of these accounts is known as the current account balance. A current account balance is in surplus if overall credits exceed debits, and in deficit if overall debits exceed credits.

The sum of the current and capital account balances are equal to the balance of the financial account. As the capital account is relatively small in comparison, the current account and financial account can be said to be counterparts.

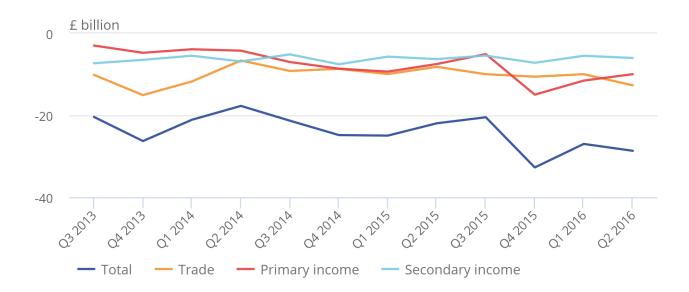
The current account balance plus the capital account balance measures the extent to which the UK is a net lender (that is, in surplus) or net borrower (that is, in deficit). The UK has run a combined current and capital account deficit in every year since 1983, and every quarter since Quarter 3 1998.

Figure 1: UK current account balances (seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016

Figure 1: UK current account balances (seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).

Quarter 2 2016 overview

In Quarter 2 2016, the UK was a net borrower of £29.0 billion, up from £26.5 billion in Quarter 1 2016. This was due to a widening in the current account deficit of £1.7 billion and a switch in the capital account from a surplus of £0.5 billion in Quarter 1 2016 to a deficit of £0.3 billion in Quarter 2 2016.

The £2.7 billion widening in the total trade deficit was mainly due to a widening of £1.8 billion in the trade in goods deficit, as imports increased by £4.4 billion while exports only increased by £2.6 billion from Quarter 1 2016. Additionally there was a £0.9 billion narrowing in the trade in services surplus. The narrowing in the trade in services surplus was due to exports decreasing by £0.5 billion and imports increasing by £0.4 billion.

The £1.6 billion narrowing in the total primary income deficit from Quarter 1 2016 was mainly due to a £1.8 billion narrowing in the direct investment deficit. Partially offsetting the improvement in the direct investment balance in Quarter 2 2016 was a slight widening in the deficit on portfolio investment income of £0.2 billion. The other investment deficit was virtually unchanged at £2.7 billion.

The £0.5 billion widening in the secondary income deficit in Quarter 2 2016 to £6.0 billion was due to payments increasing while receipts were virtually unchanged.

Notes for Summary

1. Throughout this release Quarter 1 refers to January to March, Quarter 2 refers to April to June, Quarter 3 refers to July to September, and Quarter 4 refers to October to December.

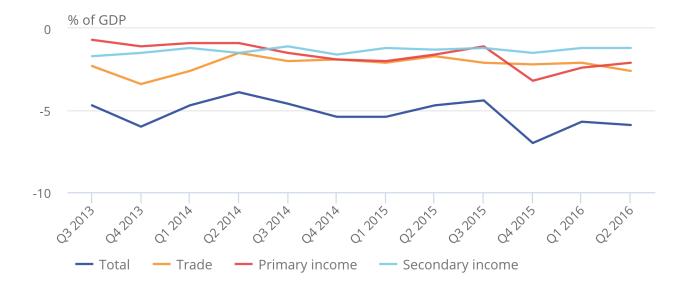
4. Current account balances as percentage of GDP

Figure 2: UK balances as percentage of GDP

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016

Figure 2: UK balances as percentage of GDP

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).

The current account deficit equated to 5.9% of gross domestic product (GDP) at current market prices in Quarter 2 2016, compared with 5.7% in Quarter 1 2016. The deficit on trade in goods and services was equivalent to 2.6% of GDP in Quarter 2 2016, compared with 2.1% in Quarter 1 2016. The deficit on primary income equated to 2.1% of GDP in Quarter 2 2016, compared with a deficit equivalent to 2.4% in Quarter 1 2016. The deficit on secondary income equated to 1.2% of GDP in Quarter 2 2016, unchanged from Quarter 1 2016.

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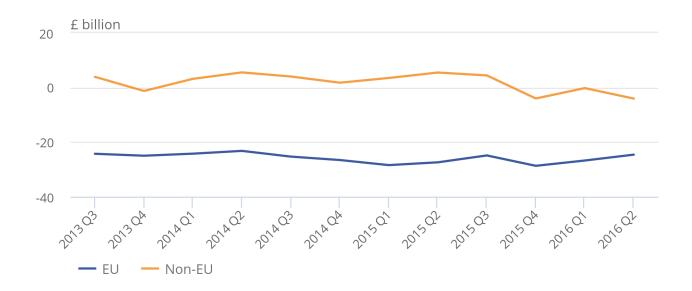
5. Current account with EU and non-EU countries (Table C)

Figure 3: UK current account balances with EU and non-EU countries (seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016

Figure 3: UK current account balances with EU and non-EU countries (seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).

A current account deficit of £24.6 billion was recorded with the EU in Quarter 2 2016, compared with a deficit of £26.8 billion in Quarter 1 2016. This was mainly due to the deficit on total trade narrowing from £17.5 billion in Quarter 1 2016 to £16.4 billion in Quarter 2 2016. Additionally, the deficit on primary income narrowed from £6.8 billion in Quarter 1 2016 to £5.7 billion in Quarter 2 2016. Partially offsetting these was a very slight widening in the deficit on secondary income.

The current account deficit with non-EU countries widened from £0.2 billion in Quarter 1 2016 to £4.1 billion in Quarter 2 2016. This was mainly due to the total trade surplus narrowing from £7.5 billion in Quarter 1 2016 to £3.7 billion in Quarter 2 2016. Additionally, the deficit on secondary income widened from £2.9 billion in Quarter 1 2016 to £3.5 billion in Quarter 2 2016. Partially offsetting these was a narrowing in the deficit on primary income from £4.8 billion in Quarter 1 2016 to £4.3 billion in Quarter 2 2016.

Notes for Current account with EU and non-EU countries (Table C)

1. Throughout this release Quarter 1 refers to January to March, Quarter 2 refers to April to June, Quarter 3 refers to July to September, and Quarter 4 refers to October to December.

6. Trade in goods (Table E) and services (Table F)

Figure 4: UK trade in goods and services balances (seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016

Figure 4: UK trade in goods and services balances (seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).

Trade in goods covers transactions in general merchandise for which changes of ownership occur between UK residents and the rest of the world. General merchandise (with some exceptions) refers to moveable goods.

The trade in goods deficit in Quarter 2 2016 was £34.7 billion, compared with a deficit of £32.9 billion recorded in Quarter 1 2016. The widening in the deficit in Quarter 2 2016 was due to imports rising by £4.4 billion, compared with a rise in exports of £2.6 billion. The increase in imports was spread across all components but primarily due to a £1.9 billion rise in machinery and transport equipment. There were also rises in oil (£0.8 billion), material manufactures (£0.6 billion) and unspecified goods (£0.6 billion). The rise in exports was mainly due to a £2.6 billion increase in machinery and transport equipment, of which aircraft rose by £1.4 billion while other components had small offsetting movements.

Trade in services covers the provision of services by UK residents to non-residents and vice versa. It also covers transactions in goods which are not freighted out of the country in which transactions take place, for example, purchases for local use by foreign forces in the UK, or by UK forces abroad and purchases by tourists. Transactions in goods which are freighted into or out of the UK are included under trade in goods.

The trade in services surplus was £22.0 billion in Quarter 2 2016, a decrease of £0.9 billion from Quarter 1 2016. Exports fell by £0.5 billion from Quarter 1 2016, to £58.0 billion, with imports rising by £0.4 billion from Quarter 1 2016, to £36.1 billion.

The fall in exports was mainly due to a fall in the export of other business services of £0.7 billion. Offsetting this was a £0.2 billion rise in the export of government services. Other components recorded small offsetting changes.

The small rise in total imports of services was mainly due to an increase in the import of transport services and financial services by £0.3 billion and £0.2 billion respectively. These were partially offset by small falls in the import of most other components, such as other business services.

Notes for Trade in goods (Table E) and services (Table F)

1. Throughout this release Quarter 1 refers to January to March, Quarter 2 refers to April to June, Quarter 3 refers to July to September, and Quarter 4 refers to October to December.

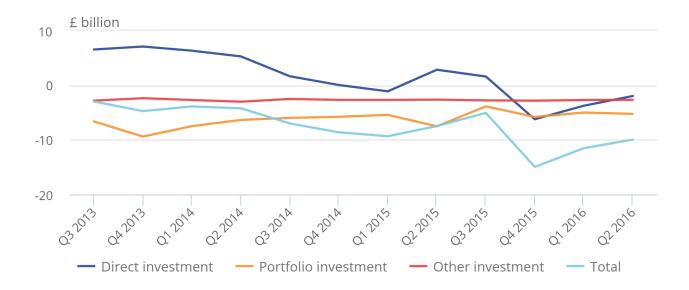
7. Primary income account (Table G)

Figure 5: UK primary income account balances (seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016

Figure 5: UK primary income account balances (seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).

The primary income account is comprised of compensation of employees, investment income and other primary income.

Compensation of employees presents remuneration in return for the labour input into the production process contributed by an individual. In the international accounts, compensation of employees is recorded when the employer (the producing unit) and the employee are resident in different economies.

Investment income covers earnings (for example, profits, dividends and interest payments and receipts) arising from foreign investment in financial assets and liabilities. Credits are the earnings of UK residents from their investments abroad and other foreign assets. Debits are the earnings of foreign residents from their investments in the UK and other UK liabilities. The flow of investment in the financial account is recorded separately from earnings, although reinvested earnings of companies with foreign affiliates are a component of both. The total value of UK assets and liabilities held at any time is also recorded separately under the international investment position.

Other primary income covers earnings from rent and taxes, and subsidies on production and on the import of goods. Under the Balance of Payments Manual fifth edition, taxes and subsidies on production and on the import of goods were classified to secondary income (previously titled current transfers). The recording of rent was previously classified to other investment income.

The primary income deficit narrowed from £11.5 billion in Quarter 1 2016, to £10.0 billion in Quarter 2 2016.

The balance on compensation of employees recorded a deficit of £83 million in Quarter 2 2016, a switch from a surplus of £15 million in Quarter 1 2016.

The balance on direct investment income narrowed from a deficit of £3.8 billion in Quarter 1 2016, to a deficit of £2.0 billion in Quarter 2 2016. The narrowing was due to receipts rising by £2.2 billion from Quarter 1 2016 to £15.3 billion in Quarter 2 2016, while payments only rose by £0.5 billion from Quarter 1 2016 to £17.3 billion in Quarter 2 2016.

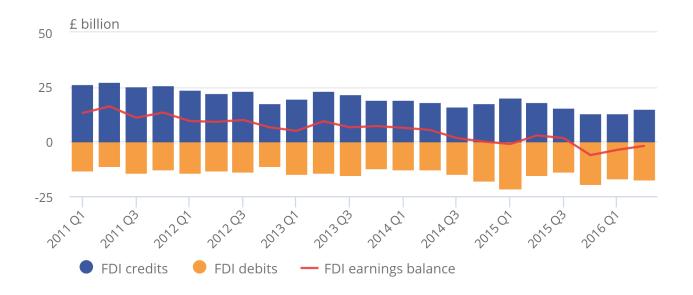
Foreign direct investment (FDI) net earnings have followed a broadly downward trend from 2011, falling from an average surplus of £13.4 billion per quarter in 2011 to a record deficit of £6.2 billion in Quarter 4 2015. This was driven by consistent falls in credits, whilst debits increased slightly over the same period. The deficit in net FDI earnings narrowed in the first 2 quarters of 2016, reaching a deficit of £2.0 billion in Quarter 2 2016.

Figure 6: Quarterly foreign direct investment earnings (seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2011 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016

Figure 6: Quarterly foreign direct investment earnings (seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2011 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).

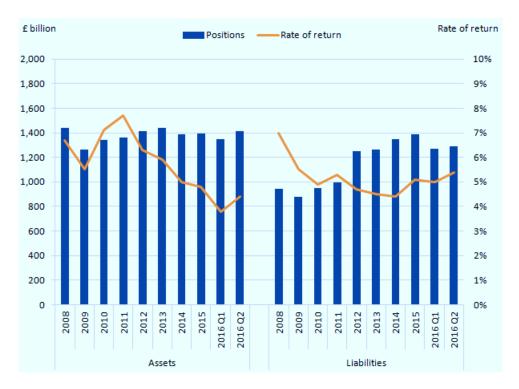
The broadly downward trend shown in FDI credits since 2011 was predominantly caused by falling returns – with the rate of return on FDI assets falling from 7.7% in 2011 to 4.8% in 2015 – while FDI assets remained fairly consistent over this period. In contrast, FDI debits have tended to increase over this period. Initially, this was due to increased investment into the UK, with FDI liabilities rising up until 2015, before rates of return also began to increase in 2015.

The narrowing of the FDI net earnings deficit in the first 2 quarters of 2016 was driven by several combining factors. Firstly, FDI debits fell from £19.1 billion to £16.8 billion between Quarter 4 2015 and Quarter 1 2016; due to a fall in FDI liabilities rather than a change in returns, as shown in Figure 7. FDI credits, meanwhile, were virtually unchanged in Quarter 1 2016.

The FDI net earnings deficit continued to narrow in Quarter 2 2016. In contrast to the first quarter, this was driven by an increase in FDI credits, as opposed to a decrease in debits. FDI credits increased from £13.0 billion to £15.3 billion between Quarter 1 2016 and Quarter 2 2016. This was mainly attributable to a £65.2 billion increase in FDI assets, to £1,414.7 billion; coupled with an increase in the rate of return by 0.6 percentage points to 4.4%, as shown in Figure 7. The improvement in FDI earnings in Quarter 2 2016 was partly offset by a small increase in FDI debits, which reflect a small increase in both FDI liabilities and rate of return.

Figure 7: UK direct investment positions and rates of return (non-seasonally adjusted)

2008 to Quarter 2 2016



The portfolio investment income deficit widened by £0.2 billion between Quarter 1 2016 and Quarter 2 2016, to £5.2 billion. This was due to a slight widening in the deficits in both equity securities and debt securities.

The deficit on earnings from other investment was virtually unchanged at £2.7 billion in Quarter 2 2016.

The deficit on other primary income was £0.2 billion in Quarter 2 2016, which was £0.1 billion narrower than Quarter 1 2016.

Notes for Primary income account (Table G)

1. Throughout this release Quarter 1 refers to January to March, Quarter 2 refers to April to June, Quarter 3 refers to July to September, and Quarter 4 refers to October to December.

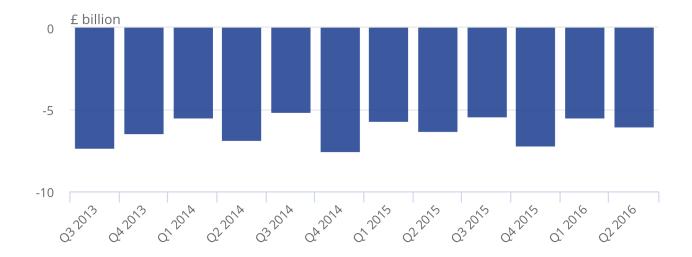
8 . Secondary income account (Table H)

Figure 8: UK secondary income balance (seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016

Figure 8: UK secondary income balance (seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016



Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes:

1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).

Secondary income represents the provision (or receipt) of an economic value by one party without directly receiving (or providing) a counterpart item of economic value. In plain terms, this is a transaction representing "something for nothing" or without a quid pro quo. Transfers can be in the form of money or of goods or services provided without the expectation of payment. General government transfers include receipts, contributions and subscriptions from or to European Union (EU) institutions and other international bodies, bilateral aid and military grants.

The deficit on secondary income widened from £5.5 billion in Quarter 1 2016 to £6.0 billion in Quarter 2 2016. This was due to payments increasing while receipts remained virtually unchanged.

It should be noted that the quarterly path of net contributions to EU institutions can be erratic due to the timing of payments.

Notes for Secondary income account (Table H)

1. Throughout this release Quarter 1 refers to January to March, Quarter 2 refers to April to June, Quarter 3 refers to July to September, and Quarter 4 refers to October to December.

9. Capital account (Table I)

The capital account comprises 2 components: capital transfers and the acquisition or disposal of non-produced, non-financial assets.

Under BPM6, there is no longer a requirement to record migrant transfers. The manual clarifies that the change in the residence does not involve a transaction between 2 entities but a change in status.

Capital transfers are those involving transfers of ownership of fixed assets, transfers of funds associated with the acquisition or disposal of fixed assets, and cancellation of liabilities by creditors without any counterparts being received in return. As with current transfers, they can be subdivided into general government transfers and other sectors transfers. The main sources of information are government departments (Department for International Development and HM Treasury) and the Bank of England. Compensation payments from the EU are also included here, for example, payments related to the destruction of animals to combat BSE and foot and mouth disease.

The sale or purchase of non-produced, non-financial assets covers intangibles such as patents, copyrights, franchises, leases and other transferable contracts, and goodwill. It also covers transactions involving tangible assets that may be used or needed for the production of goods and services but have not themselves been produced, such as land and sub-soil assets. The use of such assets is recorded under trade in services as royalties and license fees; only the outright purchase or sale of such assets is recorded in the capital account.

The capital account recorded a deficit of £0.3 billion in Quarter 2 (April to June) 2016, a switch from a surplus of £0.5 billion in Quarter 1 (January to March) 2016.

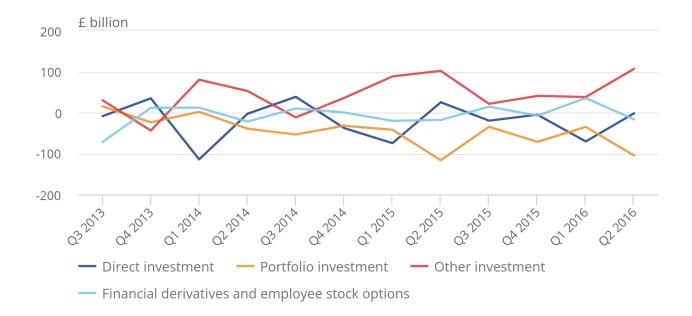
10 . Financial account (Table J)

Figure 9: UK financial account balances (not seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016

Figure 9: UK financial account balances (not seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016



Source: Office for National Statistics

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The financial account covers transactions that result in a change of ownership of financial assets and liabilities between UK residents and non-residents, for example, the acquisitions and disposals of foreign shares by UK residents.

The total financial account showed a net inflow (that is, more money flowing into the UK) of £14.5 billion in Quarter 2 2016, compared with a net inflow of £30.5 billion in Quarter 1 2016.

Direct investment recorded a net inflow (that is, more money flowing into the UK) of £2.0 billion in Quarter 2 2016, compared with a net inflow of £70.8 billion in Quarter 1 2016.

For further information on the impact of foreign direct investment acquisitions and disposals, please see background notes, understanding the data, part 2 interpreting the data.

Portfolio investment recorded a net inflow (that is, more money flowing into the UK) of £105.1 billion in Quarter 2 2016, an increase from a net inflow of £35.2 billion in Quarter 1 2016. The increased inflow in portfolio investment was due to non-residents' net investment of £62.7 billion in Quarter 2 2016. This was broken down into net investment in UK equities of £11.8 billion and UK debt securities of £50.9 billion. Additionally, UK residents recorded net disinvestment of £42.4 billion in Quarter 2 2016. This was broken down into net disinvestment of foreign equities of £6.6 billion and net disinvestment of foreign debt of £35.7 billion.

Financial derivatives and employee stock options showed net settlement payments of £17.0 billion in Quarter 2 2016, following net settlement receipts of £35.3 billion in Quarter 1 2016.

Other investment in Quarter 2 2016 recorded a net outflow (that is, more money flowing from the UK) of £106.7 billion, compared with a net outflow of £37.9 billion in Quarter 1 2016.

Reserve assets showed net investment of £2.8 billion in Quarter 2 2016, a slight increase from net investment of £2.3 billion in Quarter 1 2016.

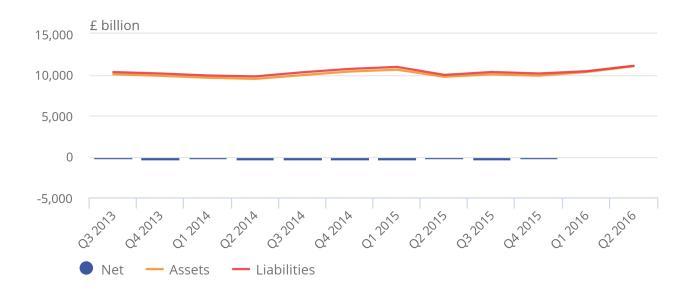
11 . International investment position (Table K)

Figure 10: UK net international investment position (not seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016

Figure 10: UK net international investment position (not seasonally adjusted)

Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2013 to Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016



Source: Office for National Statistics

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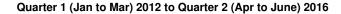
The international investment position brings together the available estimates of the levels of identified UK external assets (foreign assets owned by UK residents) and identified UK external liabilities (UK assets owned by foreign residents) at the end of each calendar period.

The international investment position showed net external liabilities (that is, liabilities exceed assets) of £57.0 billion at the end of Quarter 2 2016, compared with net external liabilities of £97.4 billion at the end of Quarter 1 2016.

UK external assets abroad increased by £708.8 billion from the end of Quarter 1 2016, to a level of £11,020.0 billion at the end of Quarter 2 2016. The increase in the stock of UK external assets in Quarter 2 2016 was due to an increase in the value of stock in all asset classes. The value of UK portfolio investment assets increased in Quarter 2 2016 due to the combination of exchange rates movements and price changes in equities and bonds as UK residents continued to be net sellers of foreign equities and debt securities.

UK external liabilities increased by £668.4 billion in Quarter 2 2016, to a level of £11,077.0 billion. The increase in UK external liabilities in Quarter 2 2016 was due to an increase in UK liabilities in each of the main asset classes. While non-residents were generally net investors in the UK in Quarter 2 2016, the devaluation of sterling was also evident in the changes to UK liabilities. The UK has a large banking sector where non-residents place on deposit large amounts of foreign currency. During Quarter 2 2016, these deposits increased significantly in value as sterling weakened.

Figure 11: Sterling exchange rates with major trading partners



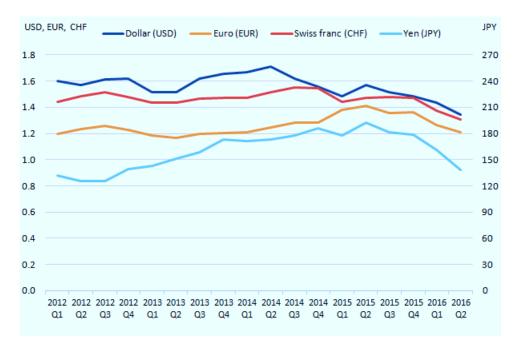


Figure 11 presents sterling exchange rates against the currencies of major trading partner countries at the close of markets at each quarter end. The chart shows that sterling has been depreciating against most currencies since Quarter 2 2015. From Quarter 4 2015, sterling weakened markedly and continued to weaken following the European Union referendum held in the latter part of Quarter 2 2016. This weakening has in part contributed to the decrease in the UK's net liability position.

The stock of UK assets and liabilities with the rest of the world can be influenced by movements in exchange rates and price revaluations. Table 1 summarises which type of investment is impacted by these changes.

Most UK assets are held in foreign currency although a small portion of assets such as deposits and loans are held in sterling. Due to the UK's Balance of Payments being presented in sterling, some assets have increased in value due to the devaluation of sterling. An article summarising the impact of exchange rates on direct investment abroad has also been published today. While direct investment and portfolio investment liabilities are valued in sterling, some elements of other investment liabilities are held by foreign investors in foreign currency, so have also increased in value as a result of the sterling devaluation.

Direct investment and portfolio investment, assets and liabilities, can also be impacted by price changes. During Quarter 2 2016, UK equity assets in the United States of America would have fared comparatively well as the main indices increased slightly compared with falls in European indices, however, foreign exchange movements more than offset these movements. UK equity liabilities increased from Quarter 1 2016 as non-residents continued to invest in UK equities together with the All-share index closing higher despite market volatility. Over the same period, the value of debt securities increased in the UK and generally around the world leading to increases in debt security assets and liabilities.

Table 1: Revaluation impacts on investments

	Assets		Liabilities	
	Exchange rate movements	Price revaluations	Exchange rate movements	Price revaluations
Direct Investment	Impact	Impact	No impact	Impact
Portfolio Investment				
Equities	Impact	Impact	No impact	Impact
Debt Securities	Impact	Impact	No impact	Impact
Other Investment				
Deposits	Impact	No impact	Impact	No impact
Loans	Impact	No impact	Impact	No impact

Source: Office for National Statistics

Notes for International investment position (Table K)

1. Throughout this release Quarter 1 refers to January to March, Quarter 2 refers to April to June, Quarter 3 refers to July to September, and Quarter 4 refers to October to December.

12. Summary of revisions

Data in this release have been revised from Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2015. Revisions tables are included in the balance of payments datasets (Tables R1, R2 and R3). Revisions are due to:

Trade in goods – Revisions from Quarter 1 2015 reflect revised data from HM Revenue and Customs and other data suppliers, revised estimates of trading associated with VAT Missing Trader Intra-Community (MTIC) fraud and a seasonal adjustment. Further information on trade is available in the UK Trade July 2016 statistical bulletin.

Trade in services – Revisions from Quarter 1 2016 are due to updated and late data to survey and administrative sources and a reassessment of seasonal factors.

Secondary income account – Revisions to the secondary income account are due to revised source data for transfers involving the UK government, the use of the latest data for various ONS surveys and a reassessment of seasonal factors.

Capital account – Revisions to the capital account are attributable to revised source data from HM Treasury and the ONS International Trade in Services survey.

Primary income, financial account and international investment position – Revisions from Quarter 1 2015 reflect new and revised survey data, a reassessment of coverage adjustments to data from the Bank for International Settlements and a reassessment of seasonal factors. Revisions also reflect new estimates from the Bank for International Settlements.

Quarterly revisions to the current account balance as a percentage of GDP

Revisions to the current account balance as a percentage of GDP in this release may be due to revisions to the current account detailed in this section and / or changes to nominal GDP.

Table 2 provides revisions to the current account balance as a percentage of GDP annually for 2015 and quarterly between Quarter 1 2015 to Quarter 1 2016.

Table 2: Balance of Payments revisions to current account balance as a percentage of GDP, Quarter 2 (Apr to Jun) 2016

			%
Period	Current account balance as a percentage of GDP previously published	Current account balance as a percentage of GDP latest estimate	Revisions to total current account balance as a percentage of GDP (percentage points)
2015	-5.4	-5.4	0.0
2015 Q1	-5.4	-5.4	0.0
2015 Q2	-4.2	-4.7	-0.5
2015 Q3	-4.7	-4.4	0.3
2015 Q4	-7.2	-7.0	0.2
2016 Q1	-6.9	-5.7	1.2

Source: Office for National Statistics

Note:

1. Q1 refers to Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar), Q2 refers to Quarter 2 (Apr to June), Q3 refers to Quarter 3 (July to Sept) and Q4 refers to Quarter 4 (Oct to Dec).

13. Quality and methodology

The <u>Balance of payments (BoP) QMI</u> Quality and Methodology Information document contains important information on:

- the strengths and limitations of the data and how it compares with related data
- · users and uses of the data
- how the output was created
- the quality of the output including the accuracy of the data

0/2

Methods

More detailed methodological notes for the UK balance of payments are available on our website.

1. Composition of the data

Table C provides an EU/non-EU breakdown of the current account and is presented on an EU28 basis.

International investment position statistics are based on recording direct investments at book values, and other assets and liabilities at estimated market values. These estimates are likely in some respects to be deficient in scope and coverage. Quarterly estimates tend to be less reliable because they are largely based on cumulated flows and not reported levels.

In theory, every credit entry should be matched by a corresponding debit so that total current, capital and financial account credits should be equal to, and therefore offset by, total debits. In practice there is a discrepancy termed net errors and omissions. The net errors and omissions are shown on Table A.

2. Seasonal adjustment

Current and capital accounts are seasonally adjusted. Financial account and international investment position data are not seasonally adjusted.

When compiling the geographic breakdown of primary income, secondary income and trade in services, the EU countries are seasonally adjusted. The non-EU seasonally adjusted figure is calculated by subtracting the seasonally adjusted EU total from the seasonally adjusted world total. Both EU and non-EU data are seasonally adjusted for trade in goods; these are aggregated to form the world total.

3. Applying annual benchmark data

Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) statistics are collated using a combination of data from the quarterly and annual surveys, both for outward and inward investment. The quarterly survey for outward and inward FDI has 680 and 970 sampled enterprise groups respectively, these increase to 2,100 and 3,500 enterprise groups on the annual survey. Quarterly data are used in the short term to estimate FDI statistics and these data are updated each year through an annual benchmarking process.

The larger annual sample size and responses – taken from audited annual accounts, rather than quarterly management accounts – can result in revisions. A range of methods are used to benchmark the various FDI variables and their constituent components. For earnings and flows, the difference is allocated evenly or proportionately according to the data from the quarterly FDI survey, across the quarters of the year being benchmarked. For the investment position, otherwise referred to as the stock of investment, Quarter 4 is constrained to the investment position data from the annual survey. The quarterly path for Quarter 1 to Quarter 3 is determined by data from the quarterly survey, so that the movements are maintained, but the values reflect the pre-determined values in Quarter 4.

Quality

1. Basic quality information

Common pitfalls in interpreting series are the following:

- expectations of accuracy and reliability in early estimates are often too high
- revisions are an inevitable consequence of the trade off between timeliness and accuracy
- early estimates are based on incomplete data

Very few statistical revisions arise as a result of "errors" in the popular sense of the word. All estimates, by definition, are subject to statistical "error", but in this context the word refers to the uncertainty inherent in any process or calculation that uses sampling, estimation or modelling. Most revisions reflect either the adoption of new statistical techniques, or the incorporation of new information which allows the statistical error of previous estimates to be reduced. Only rarely are there avoidable "errors" such as human or system failures, and such mistakes are made quite clear when they do occur.

2. National Accounts revisions policy

The data in this statistical bulletin are subject to revisions following our National Accounts Revision policy.

Estimates for the most recent quarters are provisional and, as usual, are subject to revision in light of updated source information. We provide analysis of past revisions in the Balance of Payments and other statistical bulletins which present time series.

3. Revision triangles

Revisions to data provide one indication of the reliability of main indicators. Table 3 shows summary information on the size and direction of the revisions which have been made to the data covering a 5 year period. A statistical test has been applied to the average revision to find out if it is statistically significantly different from zero. An asterisk (*) shows that the test is significant.

Table 3 covers estimates first published in the balance of payments from December 2008 (Quarter 3 (July to Sept) 2008) to September 2013 (Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2013).

Table 3: Balance of Payments revisions analysis

Current account (seasonally adjusted)

£ million

		Revisions betw	reen first publication and estimates 3 years later
	Value in latest period	Average over the last 5 years	Average over the last 5 years without regard to sign (average absolute revisions)
Credits (HBON)	170,555	5,828*	6,429*
Debits (HBOO)	199,239	4,860*	5,932*
Net (HBOP)	-28,684	968	2,269

Source: Office for National Statistics

Spreadsheets giving <u>revisions analysis</u> (<u>real time databases</u>) of <u>estimates from 1996 to date and the calculations behind the averages in the table</u> are available on our website.

An <u>article analysing balance of payments current account revisions</u> was published in the May 2007 edition of Economic and Labour Market Review.

14. Background notes

What's new?

This quarter

In accordance with the National Accounts revisions policy, the current revision period is open from Quarter 1 (January to March) 2015.

The Quarter 2 (April to June) 2016 <u>Balance of Payments dataset</u> contains revised Trade in Services estimates compared with those published in the <u>UK Trade bulletin on 9 September 2016</u>. The minor revisions are due to methodological changes, late data returns and the balancing process applied during the compilation of the gross domestic product (GDP) estimates.

Future revision period

The next Balance of Payments release for Quarter 3 (July to September) 2016 will potentially contain revisions from Quarter 1 (January to March) 2015.

Understanding the data

1. Short guide to Balance of Payments

A <u>brief introduction to the UK Balance of Payments</u> provides an overview of the concepts and coverage of the UK Balance of Payments using the Balance of Payments Manual sixth edition.

2. Interpreting the data

Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) acquisitions and disposals impact on numerous parts of the Financial Account and International Investment Position (IIP). A corporate deal between a UK company and a non-UK company would feature in the equity capital component of the Financial Account and IIP. Other categories of the accounts would also be impacted depending on how any such deal was financed. In some cases equity securities would form the payment and impact on Portfolio Investment. In other cases cash would be used and impact on Other Investment, while some deals would use a combination of equity and cash. It should be noted that as elements of a corporate deal filter through the accounts the impacts would be smaller and potentially dwarfed by other transactions.

Following a review conducted by the Bank of England, we now presents estimates of income from Foreign Direct Investment (FDI) for all sectors of the economy on a current operating performance basis from 1999. Prior to this, estimates for monetary financial institutions will be on an all inclusive basis which means that holding gains and losses are still included.

Import figures for Trade in Goods include adjustments to allow for the impact of trade associated with VAT MTIC fraud. The adjustments were introduced for the first time in the UK Trade May 2003 First Release published on 9 July 2003. The adjustments are added to the EU import estimates derived from Intrastat returns.

An <u>article explaining MTIC fraud and the impact on the trade figures</u> was published on 9 July 2003. A <u>report on further research into MTIC fraud</u> was published on 17 February 2005, which summarises the work carried out to review the estimates of the impact on the trade figures.

Changes to the pattern of trading associated with MTIC fraud can make it difficult to analyse trade by commodity group and by country, as changes in the impact of activity associated with this fraud affect both imports and exports. Originally, most carousel chains only involved EU member states. From 2004 in particular, some carousel chains included non-EU countries, for example, Dubai and Switzerland. However, the MTIC trade adjustments are added to the EU import estimates derived from Intrastat returns, as it is this part of the chain that is not generally recorded. In particular, adjustments affect trade in capital goods and intermediate goods - these categories include mobile phones and computer components, which are still the most widely affected goods.

Figures for total exports and imports less adjustments for trade associated with VAT MTIC fraud are given in the monthly UK Trade Statistical Bulletin.

From Quarter 1 (Jan to Mar) 2010, we have included financial derivatives business of UK securities dealers in both the UK's financial account (flows) and the international investment position (stocks). The inclusion of this data improves the sector coverage of financial derivatives which previously included only data on financial derivatives business of UK banks.

An <u>article detailing the improvements to the coverage of derivatives within the United Kingdom Economic Accounts</u> was published on 25 October 2011.

Figures for the most recent periods are provisional and subject to revision in light of: (a) late and corrected responses to surveys; (b) revisions to seasonal adjustment factors which are re-estimated annually; and (c) annual benchmarking of surveys.

3. Definition and explanation

A glossary of terms used in the UK balance of payments is available on our website and includes new terms used within BPM6.

4. Special events

An article outlining our policy on special events can be found on our website.

Publication policy

Details of the policy governing the release of new data are available from the UK Statistics Authority website.

Accessing data

The complete run of data in the tables of this statistical bulletin is available to view and download in electronic format through ONS Time Series Data. You can download the complete bulletin in a choice of zipped formats, or view and then download your own sections of individual series. The <u>Time Series Data</u> can be accessed on our website.

Further balance of payments data is available online in our quarterly publication <u>UK Economic Accounts (UKEA)</u>.



Balance of Payments, 2016 Q2

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- R2 Current account revisions since last Balance of Payments Statistical Bulletin
- R3 Revisions to international investment since last Balance of Payments Statistical Bulletin

Source: Office for National Statistics © Crown Copyright 2016

Data supplier:
Balance of Payments Investment Income and Co-ordination
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Cardiff Road
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NP20 8XG

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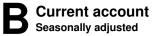
ounimary or st		Quarter 2 (Apr to June) 2016		billion
	Latest quarter	Record since	Record highest	Record lowest
Current account (net	t)			
Trade in goods	-£34.7	Largest deficit recorded	£1.6	-£34.7
			(1981 Q1)	(2016 Q2)
Trade in services	£22.0	Largest surplus since 2016 Q1	£24.4	£0.0
			(2014 Q4)	(1965 Q3)
Primary income	-£10.0	Largest deficit since 2016 Q1	£10.9	-£15.0
Timary income	210.0	Largest deficit since 2010 Q1	(2005 Q2)	(2015 Q4)
0	00.0		00.0	07.5
Secondary income	-£6.0	Largest deficit since 2015 Q4	£0.3 (1982 Q1)	-£7.5 (2014 Q4)
			(1002 4.1)	(==:: <=:)
Current balance	-£28.7	Largest deficit since 2015 Q4	£2.7	-£32.7
			(1981 Q1)	(2015 Q4)
Capital account (net				
Capital balance	-£0.3	Largest deficit since 2015 Q4	£0.5	-£1.6
			(2016 Q1)	(2006 Q2)
Financial account (n	-			
Direct Investment	-£2.0	Largest net inflow since 2016 Q1	£98.5	-£114.5
			(2000 Q1)	(2014 Q1)
Portfolio investment	-£105.1	Largest net inflow since 2015 Q2	£135.9	-£122.7
			(2012 Q3)	(2008 Q4)
Financial derivatives	-£17.0	Largest net payments since 2015 Q2	£63.3	-£72.2
			(2008 Q1)	(2013 Q3)
Other investment	£106.7	Largest net investment recorded	£106.7	-£171.3
Other investment	£106.7	Largest het investment recorded	(2016 Q2)	(2012 Q3)
_				
Reserve assets	£2.8	Largest net investment since 2015 Q3	£12.6 (2015 Q1)	-£2.6 (2001 Q1)
			(2013 Q1)	(2001 Q1)
International investn			2424.2	22.0
Direct investment	£127.1	Largest net asset position since 2013 Q4	£494.2 (2008 Q4)	£6.9 (2015 Q4)
			(2000 Q+)	(2013 Q+)
Portfolio investment	-£370.1	Largest net liability position since 2012 Q2	£162.9	-£590.4
			(1993 Q4)	(2010 Q3)
Financial derivatives	-£15.2	Largest net liability position since 2015 Q2	£138.1	-£37.6
			(2009 Q1)	(2007 Q1)
Other investment	£95.1	Largest net asset position recorded	£95.1	-£424.9
			(2016 Q2)	(2002 Q2)
Pagarya acceta	£106.1	Largest not appet position recorded	£106.1	£1.1
Reserve assets	£ 100.1	Largest net asset position recorded	(2016 Q2)	(1970 Q3)

A Summary of balance of payments Balances (net transactions)

`		,										£ million
		2014	2015	2014 Q2	2014 Q3	2014 Q4	2015 Q1	2015 Q2	2015 Q3	2015 Q4	2016 Q1	2016 Q2
Seasonally adjusted												
Current account												
Trade in goods and services Trade in goods Trade in services	BOKI IKBD	-122 575 86 352	-126 437 87 763	-29 399 22 763	-31 165 21 988	-33 058 24 391	-34 083 24 145	-28 286 20 103	-30 714 20 738	-33 354 22 777	-32 852 22 877	-34 658 21 967
Total trade	IKBJ	-36 223	-38 674	-6 636	-9 177	-8 667	-9 938	-8 183	-9 976	-10 577	-9 975	-12 691
Primary income Compensation of employees Investment income Other primary income	IJAJ HBOM MT5X	-470 -22 642 -654	-89 -35 664 -1 126	-89 -3 950 -187	-139 -6 700 -175	-166 -8 262 -205	-48 -9 062 -235	-59 -7 132 -302	60 -4 840 -294	-42 -14 630 -295	15 -11 219 -337	-83 -9 647 -244
Total primary income	нвој	-23 766	-36 879	-4 226	-7 014	-8 633	-9 345	-7 493	-5 074	-14 967	-11 541	-9 974
Secondary income General government Other sectors	FNSV FNTC	-20 844 -4 165	-20 425 -4 189	-5 960 -899	-4 055 -1 082	-6 467 -1 078	-4 621 -1 068	-5 128 -1 160	-4 527 -913	-6 149 -1 048	-4 348 -1 135	-4 810 -1 209
Total secondary income	IKBP	-25 009	-24 614	-6 859	-5 137	-7 545	-5 689	-6 288	-5 440	−7 197	-5 483	-6 019
Current balance	нвор	-84 998	-100 167	-17 721	-21 328	-24 845	-24 972	-21 964	-20 490	-32 741	-26 999	-28 684
Capital balance	FNVQ	-415	-1 051	341	-352	-281	79	-323	-291	-516	523	-293
Not seasonally adjusted												
Current account												
Trade in goods and services Trade in goods Trade in services	LQCT KTMS	-122 575 86 352	-126 437 87 763	-27 847 23 459	-32 520 19 827	-33 169 25 999	-34 266 24 027	-26 407 21 159	-32 133 17 551	-33 631 25 026	-32 758 23 344	-32 901 22 178
Total trade	KTMY	-36 223	-38 674	-4 388	-12 693	-7 170	-10 239	-5 248	-14 582	-8 605	-9 414	-10 723
Primary income Compensation of employees Investment income Other primary income	KTMP HMBM MT5W	-470 -22 642 -654	-89 -35 664 -1 126	-71 -5 167 -132	-143 -8 532 -232	-153 -7 031 -223	-92 -7 295 -210	-57 -8 534 -252	116 -6 233 -353	-56 -13 602 -311	-32 -9 105 -313	-88 -9 789 -192
Total primary income	HMBP	-23 766	-36 879	-5 370	-8 907	-7 407	-7 597	-8 843	-6 470	-13 969	-9 450	-10 069
Secondary income General government Other sectors	FJUQ FJUR	-20 844 -4 165	-20 425 -4 189	-4 430 -905	-3 350 -1 081	-7 160 -1 082	-5 751 -1 053	-4 075 -1 161	-3 653 -936	-6 946 -1 039	-5 609 -1 119	-3 983 -1 206
Total secondary income	KTNF	-25 009	-24 614	-5 335	-4 431	-8 242	-6 804	-5 236	-4 589	-7 985	-6 728	-5 189
Current balance	HBOG	-84 998	-100 167	-15 093	-26 031	-22 819	-24 640	-19 327	-25 641	-30 559	-25 592	-25 981
Capital balance	FKMJ	-415	-1 051	364	-333	-318	69	-281	-275	-564	513	-248
Financial account ¹												
Direct investment Portfolio investment Financial derivatives (net) Other investment Reserve assets	-MU7M -HHZD -ZPNN -HHYR -LTCV	-117 367 -124 067 -589 156 321 7 113	-75 220 -265 367 -31 783 251 820 21 079	-3 069 -39 467 -22 186 52 621 825			-74 901 -42 143 -20 419 88 217 12 638	24 991 -116 566 -18 064 101 802 1 101	-19 916 -34 920 14 243 21 193 5 260	-5 394 -71 738 -7 543 40 608 2 080	-70 762 -35 168 35 258 37 885 2 328	-1 976 -105 078 -16 963 106 699 2 791
Net financial transactions	-HBNT	-78 589	-99 471	-11 276	-18 268	-30 645	-36 608	-6 736	-14 140	-41 987	-30 459	-14 527
Net errors and omissions ²	ннрн	6 824	1 747	3 453	8 096	-7 508	-12 037	12 872	11 776	-10 864	-5 380	11 702

When downloading data from the Pink Book dataset users should reverse the sign of series that have an identifier that is prefixed with a minus sign.

 This series represents net errors and omissions in the balance of payments accounts. It is the converse of the current and capital balances (HBOG and FKMJ) and net financial account transactions (HBNT) and is required to balance these three accounts, not seasonally adjusted.



		2014	2015	2014	2014	2014	2015	2015	2015	2015	2016	£ million 2016
		2014	2013	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2
Credits												
Exports of goods and services Exports of goods Exports of services	BOKG IKBB	292 894 218 760	283 282 225 485	73 463 55 116	72 324 54 374	73 998 56 296	71 385 58 137	73 754 53 936	69 462 55 013	68 681 58 399	71 135 58 563	73 713 58 038
Total exports of goods and services	IKBH	511 654	508 767	128 579	126 698	130 294	129 522	127 690	124 475	127 080	129 698	131 751
Primary income Compensation of employees	IJAH	1 080	1 295	267	277	260	307	319	416	253	310	327
Investment income Other primary income	HBOK MT5T	139 005 2 306	136 331 1 961	36 009 563	32 916 563	34 349 563	37 057 563	35 968 466	33 773 466	29 533 466	31 246 466	33 269 562
Total primary income	нвон	142 391	139 587	36 839	33 756	35 172	37 927	36 753	34 655	30 252	32 022	34 158
Secondary income Central government Other sectors	FHDM FHIB	5 086 14 161	5 458 13 519	1 377 3 890	967 3 458	1 455 3 231	1 491 3 439	1 304 3 240	950 3 534	1 713 3 306	971 3 677	892 3 754
Total secondary income	IKBN	19 247	18 977	5 267	4 425	4 686	4 930	4 544	4 484	5 019	4 648	4 646
Total	HBON	673 292	667 331	170 685	164 879	170 152	172 379	168 987	163 614	162 351	166 368	170 555
Debits												
Imports of goods and services												
Imports of goods Imports of services	BOKH IKBC	415 469 132 408	409 719 137 722	102 862 32 353	103 489 32 386	107 056 31 905	105 468 33 992	102 040 33 833	100 176 34 275	102 035 35 622	103 987 35 686	108 371 36 071
Total imports of goods and services	IKBI	547 877	547 441	135 215	135 875	138 961	139 460	135 873	134 451	137 657	139 673	144 442
Primary income Compensation of employees	IJAI	1 550	1 384	356	416	426	355	378	356	295	295	410
Investment income Other primary income	HBOL MT5V	161 647 2 960	171 995 3 087	39 959 750	39 616 738	42 611 768	46 119 798	43 100 768	38 613 760	44 163 761	42 465 803	42 916 806
Total primary income	HBOI	166 157	176 466	41 065	40 770	43 805	47 272	44 246	39 729	45 219	43 563	44 132
Secondary income Central government Other sectors	FLUD FLUZ	25 930 18 326	25 883 17 708	7 337 4 789	5 022 4 540	7 922 4 309	6 112 4 507	6 432 4 400	5 477 4 447	7 862 4 354	5 319 4 812	5 702 4 963
Total secondary income	IKBO	44 256	43 591	12 126	9 562	12 231	10 619	10 832	9 924	12 216	10 131	10 665
Total	нвоо	758 290	767 498	188 406	186 207	194 997	197 351	190 951	184 104	195 092	193 367	199 239
Balances												
Trade in goods and services												
Trade in goods Trade in services	BOKI IKBD	-122 575 86 352	-126 437 87 763	-29 399 22 763	-31 165 21 988	-33 058 24 391	-34 083 24 145	-28 286 20 103	-30 714 20 738	-33 354 22 777	-32 852 22 877	-34 658 21 967
Total trade in goods and services	IKBJ	-36 223	-38 674	-6 636	-9 177	-8 667	-9 938	-8 183	-9 976	-10 577	-9 975	-12 691
Primary income Compensation of employees Investment income	IJAJ HBOM	-470 -22 642	-89 -35 664	-89 -3 950	-139 -6 700	-166 -8 262	-48 -9 062	-59 -7 132	60 -4 840	-42 -14 630		-83 -9 647
Other primary income Total primary income	МТ5X НВОЈ	-654 -23 766	-1 126 -36 879	-187 -4 226	-175 -7 014	-205 -8 633	-235 -9 345	-302 -7 493	-294 -5.074	-295 -14 967	-337 -11 541	-244 -9 974
Secondary income	прос	20 700	00 07 3	7 220	7 014	0 000	3 043	7 450	3 074	14 307	11 541	3 374
Central government Other sectors	FNSV FNTC	-20 844 -4 165	-20 425 -4 189	-5 960 -899	-4 055 -1 082	-6 467 -1 078	-4 621 -1 068	-5 128 -1 160	-4 527 -913	-6 149 -1 048	-4 348 -1 135	-4 810 -1 209
Total secondary income	IKBP	-25 009	-24 614	-6 859	-5 137	−7 545	-5 689	-6 288	-5 440	−7 197	-5 483	-6 019
Current balance	НВОР	-84 998	-100 167	-17 721	-21 328	-24 845	-24 972	-21 964	-20 490	-32 741	-26 999	-28 684
Balances as a percentage of GDP ¹												
Trade in goods and services Trade in goods Trade in services	D28J D28K	-6.7 4.7	-6.8 4.7	-6.5 5.0	-6.8 4.8	-7.2 5.3	-7.4 5.2	-6.0 4.3	-6.6 4.4	-7.1 4.8	-6.9 4.8	-7.2 4.5
Total trade in goods and services	D28L	-2.0	-2.1	-1.5	-2.0	-1.9	-2.1	-1.7	-2.1	-2.2	-2.1	-2.6
Total primary income	D28M	-1.3	-2.0	-0.9	-1.5	-1.9	-2.0	-1.6	-1.1	-3.2	-2.4	-2.1
Total secondary income	D28N	-1.4	-1.3	-1.5	-1.1	-1.6	-1.2	-1.3	-1.2	-1.5	-1.2	-1.2
Current balance as percentage of GDP	AA6H	-4.7	-5.4	-3.9	-4.6	-5.4	-5.4	-4.7	-4.4	-7.0	-5.7	-5.9

¹ Using series YBHA: GDP at current market prices



Current account: Transactions with the European Union (EU) and with non-EU countries Seasonally adjusted

												£ million
		2014	2015	2014 Q2	2014 Q3	2014 Q4	2015 Q1	2015 Q2	2015 Q3	2015 Q4	2016 Q1	2016 Q2
Transactions with the European Union	1,2,3											
Credits Exports of goods Exports of services	L87S L854	145 472 84 439	133 957 88 909	37 266 21 188	35 728 21 269	35 418 21 717	33 501 22 434	34 278 21 415	33 413 21 815	32 765 23 245	33 343 24 036	35 318 24 906
Total exports of goods and services	L84Y	229 911	222 866	58 454	56 997	57 135	55 935	55 693	55 228	56 010	57 379	60 224
Primary income Secondary income	L872 L84S	47 955 8 330	50 595 8 822	11 584 2 302	11 305 1 903	12 563 2 009	13 054 2 436	12 663 2 012	13 092 2 044	11 786 2 330	12 951 1 837	14 267 1 802
Total	L873	286 196	282 283	72 340	70 205	71 707	71 425	70 368	70 364	70 126	72 167	76 293
Debits												
Imports of goods Imports of services	L87U L868	224 734 63 323	222 912 67 977	55 998 15 355	56 044 15 595	56 935 15 060	56 672 16 862	55 738 16 785	54 720 17 202	55 782 17 128	57 271 17 567	58 716 17 895
Total imports of goods and services	L864	288 057	290 889	71 353	71 639	71 995	73 534	72 523	71 922	72 910	74 838	76 611
Primary income Secondary income	L874 L85W	76 972 20 555	80 125 20 731	19 012 5 202	19 376 4 516	20 530 5 765	20 890 5 444	20 123 5 147	19 209 4 130	19 903 6 010	19 716 4 376	19 946 4 348
Total	L875	385 584	391 745	95 567	95 531	98 290	99 868	97 793	95 261	98 823	98 930	100 905
Balances												
Trade in goods Trade in services	L87Q L86M	-79 262 21 116	-88 955 20 932	-18 732 5 833	-20 316 5 674	-21 517 6 657	-23 171 5 572	-21 460 4 630	-21 307 4 613	-23 017 6 117	-23 928 6 469	-23 398 7 011
Total trade in goods and services	L86I	-58 146	-68 023	-12 899	-14 642	-14 860	-17 599	-16 830	-16 694	-16 900	-17 459	-16 387
Primary income Secondary income	L876 L86E	-29 017 -12 225	-29 530 -11 909	-7 428 -2 900	-8 071 -2 613	-7 967 -3 756	-7 836 -3 008	-7 460 -3 135	-6 117 -2 086	-8 117 -3 680	-6 765 -2 539	-5 679 -2 546
Total	L877	-99 388	-109 462	-23 227	-25 326	-26 583	-28 443	-27 425	-24 897	-28 697	-26 763	-24 612
Transactions with non-EU countries ^{4,5}												
Credits				00.407				00.470		05.040		
Exports of goods Exports of services	L87M L855	147 422 134 321	149 325 136 576	36 197 33 928	36 596 33 105	38 580 34 579	37 884 35 703	39 476 32 521	36 049 33 198	35 916 35 154	37 792 34 527	38 395 33 132
Total exports of goods and services	L84Z	281 743	285 901	70 125	69 701	73 159	73 587	71 997	69 247	71 070	72 319	71 527
Primary income Secondary income	L87D L84T	94 436 10 917	88 992 10 155	25 255 2 965	22 451 2 522	22 609 2 677	24 873 2 494	24 090 2 532	21 563 2 440	18 466 2 689	19 071 2 811	19 891 2 844
Total	L87E	387 096	385 048	98 345	94 674	98 445	100 954	98 619	93 250	92 225	94 201	94 262
Debits												
Imports of goods Imports of services	L870 L869	190 735 69 085	186 807 69 745	46 864 16 998	47 445 16 791	50 121 16 845	48 796 17 130	46 302 17 048	45 456 17 073	46 253 18 494	46 716 18 119	49 655 18 176
Total imports of goods and services	L865	259 820	256 552	63 862	64 236	66 966	65 926	63 350	62 529	64 747	64 835	67 831
Primary income Secondary income	L87F L85X	89 185 23 701	96 341 22 860	22 053 6 924	21 394 5 046	23 275 6 466	26 382 5 175	24 123 5 685	20 520 5 794	25 316 6 206	23 847 5 755	24 186 6 317
Total	L87G	372 706	375 753	92 839	90 676	96 707	97 483	93 158	88 843	96 269	94 437	98 334
Balances												
Trade in goods Trade in services	L87K L86N	-43 313 65 236	-37 482 66 831	-10 667 16 930	-10 849 16 314	-11 541 17 734	-10 912 18 573	-6 826 15 473	-9 407 16 125	-10 337 16 660	-8 924 16 408	-11 260 14 956
Total trade in goods and services	L86J	21 923	29 349	6 263	5 465	6 193	7 661	8 647	6 718	6 323	7 484	3 696
Primary income Secondary income	L87H L86F	5 251 -12 784	-7 349 -12 705	3 202 -3 959	1 057 -2 524	-666 -3 789	-1 509 -2 681	-33 -3 153	1 043 -3 354	-6 850 -3 517	-4 776 -2 944	-4 295 -3 473
Total	L87I	14 390	9 295	5 506	3 998	1 738	3 471	5 461	4 407	-4 044	-236	-4 072

¹ EU presented on an EU28 basis.

² Includes transactions with European Union institutions.
3 A quarterly breakdown of the UK's current account with the Euro area (as a whole) is published in table B6 of United Kingdom Economic Accounts (UKEA) at http://www.ons.gov.uk/economy/nationalaccounts/uksectoraccounts/d

⁴ Includes transactions with international organisations other than European

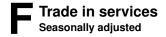
⁵ A quarterly geographic breakdown of the UK's current account with the USA, Japan, Canada, Switzerland, Brazil, China, Hong Kong, India and Russia is also available and is published in table B6B of UKEA (see note 3).

Summary of international investment position, financial account and investment income Not seasonally adjusted

Not seasonally adjus												£ billion
		2014	2015	2014 Q2	2014 Q3	2014 Q4	2015 Q1	2015 Q2	2015 Q3	2015 Q4	2016 Q1	2016 Q2
Investment abroad												
International Investment Position												
Direct investment	N2V3	1 383.9		1 354.0	1 409.2	1 383.9	1 363.6	1 422.4	1 422.6	1 396.7	1 349.5	1 414.7
Portfolio investment Financial derivatives	HHZZ JX96	2 546.9 2 828.6	2 549.9 2 430.8	2 419.2 2 170.1	2 454.1 2 462.6	2 546.9 2 828.6	2 645.9 2 957.5	2 500.6 2 384.5	2 432.9 2 647.7	2 549.9 2 430.8	2 579.8 2 728.7	2 677.8 2 972.7
Other investment	HLXV	3 547.3	3 401.6		3 552.3	3 547.3	3 552.3	3 345.5	3 441.7	3 401.6	3 557.3	3 848.6
Reserve assets	LTEB	67.7	87.5	64.0	63.3	67.7	80.1	77.3	85.3	87.5	95.9	106.1
Total	HBQA	10 374.4	9 866.5	9 473.9	9 941.5	10 374.4	10 599.3	9 730.2	10 030.2	9 866.5	10 311.2	11 020.0
Financial Account transactions ¹												
Direct investment	-N2SV	-73.1	-42.0	-22.2	30.7	-24.1	-35.3	-7.0	-3.6	3.9	-11.8	10.2
Portfolio investment	-HHZC	7.2 -0.6	-24.4 -31.8	11.1 –22.2	-9.5 9.8	10.8	22.5 –20.4	-53.7 -18.1	1.4 14.2	5.4 -7.5	-49.3 35.3	-42.4 -17.0
Financial derivatives (net) Other investment	-ZPNN -XBMM	110.8	-31.6 -107.2	5.4	70.2	-35.6	-20.4 28.2	-71.5	-9.7	-7.5 -54.1	4.7	93.3
Reserve assets	-LTCV	7.1	21.1	0.8	-0.7	4.2	12.6	1.1	5.3	2.1	2.3	2.8
Total	-HBNR	51.5	-184.3	-26.9	100.6	-44.6	7.7	-149.2	7.5	-50.2	-18.7	46.9
Investment income earnings												
Direct investment	N2QP	71.2	66.5	18.4	15.7	18.6	19.2	18.9	14.9	13.5	12.3	16.4
Portfolio investment	HLYX	44.3	48.5	12.7	11.0	10.6	11.2	13.4	13.1	10.8	11.7	12.8
Other investment Reserve assets	AIOP HHCB	22.9 0.6	20.5 0.9	6.2 0.2	5.5 0.2	5.5 0.2	5.1 0.2	5.3 0.2	4.9 0.2	5.1 0.2	5.7 0.3	6.1 0.3
Total	HMBN	139.0	136.3	37.5	32.4	34.9	35.7	37.8	33.2	29.6	29.9	35.5
Investment in the UK												
International Investment Position												
Direct investment	N2UG	1 349.7		1 291.4	1 363.5	1 349.7	1 354.1	1 330.6	1 349.6	1 389.8	1 272.4	1 287.6
Portfolio investment	HLXW	2 715.7	2 871.7	2 625.0	2 670.3	2 715.7	2 872.5	2 785.9	2 791.2	2 871.7	2 884.6	3 048.0
Financial derivatives	JX97	2 806.5 3 823.9	2 441.7 3 432.5		2 422.1 3 824.8	2 806.5 3 823.9	2 961.1 3 747.7	2 401.4 3 444.3	2 652.2 3 518.4	2 441.7 3 432.5	2 704.1 3 547.5	2 988.0 3 753.5
Other investment	HLYD											
Total	нвов	10 695.8	10 135.7	9 775.6	10 280.7	10 695.8	10 935.4	9 962.2	10 311.5	10 135.7	10 408.6	11 077.0
Financial Account transactions Direct investment	N2SA	44.3	33.2	-19.1	-7.6	14.0	39.6	-32.0	16.3	9.3	59.0	12.2
Portfolio investment	HHZF	131.3	241.0	50.6	44.3	43.2	64.7	62.8	36.3	77.2	-14.1	62.7
Other investment	XBMN	-45.5	-359.0	-47.2	82.1	-71.1	-60.0	-173.3	-30.9	-94.7	-33.2	-13.4
Total	HBNS	130.0	-84.8	-15.7	118.8	-14.0	44.3	-142.5	21.7	-8.2	11.7	61.5
Investment income												
Direct investment	N2Q4	57.9	69.4	12.7	14.1	18.4	21.4	14.9	13.1	20.0	16.9	16.7
Portfolio investment	HLZC	69.9	71.1	20.3	18.8	15.5	13.9	23.2	18.6	15.4	13.9	19.5
Other investment	HLZN	33.9	31.4	9.6	8.0	7.9	7.7	8.3	7.7	7.8	8.3	9.0
Total	нмво	161.6	172.0	42.7	40.9	41.9	43.0	46.4	39.4	43.2	39.0	45.3
Net investment												
International Investment Position												
Direct investment	MU70	34.2	6.9	62.6	45.6	34.2	9.4	91.8	73.0	6.9	77.1	127.1
Portfolio investment	CGNH	-168.7	-321.8	-205.7	-216.3	-168.7	-226.6	-285.3	-358.3	-321.8	-304.8	-370.1
Financial derivatives	JX98	22.1	-10.9	41.0	40.6	22.1	-3.6	-16.9	-4.6	-10.9	24.6	-15.2
Other investment Reserve assets	CGNG LTEB	-276.6 67.7	–31.0 87.5	-263.5 64.0	–272.5 63.3	–276.6 67.7	-195.3 80.1	-98.8 77.3	–76.7 85.3	–31.0 87.5	9.8 95.9	95.1 106.1
Net investment	HBQC	-321.3	-269.2	-301.7	-339.2	-321.3	-336.1	-231.9	-281.3	-269.2	-97.4	-57.0
Financial Accounts transactions ¹												
Direct investment	-MU7M	-117.4	-75.2	-3.1	38.3	-38.1	-74.9	25.0	-19.9	-5.4	-70.8	-2.0
Portfolio investment	-HHZD	-124.1	-265.4	-39.5	-53.8	-32.3	-42.1	-116.6	-34.9	-71.7	-35.2	-105.1
Financial derivatives	-ZPNN	-0.6	-31.8	-22.2	9.8	-	-20.4	-18.1	14.2	-7.5	35.3	-17.0
Other investment Reserve assets	-HHYR -LTCV	156.3 7.1	251.8 21.1	52.6 0.8	−11.9 −0.7	35.5 4.2	88.2 12.6	101.8 1.1	21.2 5.3	40.6 2.1	37.9 2.3	106.7 2.8
Net transactions	-HBNT	-78.6	-99.5	-11.3	-18.3	-30.6	-36.6	-6.7	-14.1	-42.0	-30.5	-14.5
Investment income earnings												
Direct investment	MU7E	13.3	-2.9	5.7	1.5	0.2	-2.1	4.0	1.8	-6.5	-4.6	-0.3
Portfolio investment	HLZX	-25.6	-22.7	-7.6	-7.8	-4.9	-2.7	-9.8	-5.4	-4.7	-2.1	-6.7
Other investment Reserve assets	CGNA HHCB	-10.9 0.6	-10.9 0.9	-3.4 0.2	-2.4 0.2	-2.5 0.2	-2.6 0.2	-2.9 0.2	-2.8 0.2	-2.6 0.2	-2.6 0.3	-3.0 0.3
Net earnings	HMBM	-22.6	-35.7	-5.2	-8.5	−7.0	-7.3	-8.5	-6.2	-13.6	-9.1	-9.8

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Seasonally adjusted												£ million
		2014	2015	2014 Q2	2014 Q3	2014 Q4	2015 Q1	2015 Q2	2015 Q3	2015 Q4	2016 Q1	2016 Q2
Exports												
Food, beverages and tobacco Basic materials Oil Other fuels Semi-manufactured goods Finished manufactured goods Unspecified goods	BOPL BOPM ELBL BOQI BOPO BOPP BOQL	18 649 6 960 32 902 3 215 75 602 146 395 9 171	18 172 6 086 21 048 3 102 79 000 149 919 5 955	4 682 1 665 8 845 938 18 339 36 303 2 691	4 615 1 802 7 649 878 18 842 36 277 2 261	4 723 1 728 6 752 658 19 703 37 588 2 846	4 629 1 628 5 090 587 20 137 37 896 1 418	4 673 1 537 6 123 813 20 897 37 927 1 784	4 416 1 461 5 044 947 19 555 36 698 1 341	4 454 1 460 4 791 755 18 411 37 398 1 412	4 702 1 459 4 252 369 19 237 38 037 3 079	5 000 1 543 4 198 510 19 254 40 894 2 314
Total	BOKG	292 894	283 282	73 463	72 324	73 998	71 385	73 754	69 462	68 681	71 135	73 713
Imports												
Food, beverages and tobacco Basic materials Oil Other fuels Semi-manufactured goods Finished manufactured goods Unspecified goods	BQAR BQAS ENXO BPBI BQAU BQAV BQAW	38 483 11 719 42 862 10 109 95 401 209 598 7 297	38 508 10 683 28 961 8 945 94 665 218 601 9 356	9 669 2 938 10 791 2 493 24 073 51 925 973	9 564 2 896 11 498 2 424 23 956 52 141 1 010	9 680 2 857 9 731 2 629 24 139 53 889 4 131	9 752 2 791 7 527 2 634 24 367 55 369 3 028	9 531 2 771 8 143 2 148 23 947 54 090 1 410	9 634 2 571 6 828 2 323 22 966 53 903 1 951	9 591 2 550 6 463 1 840 23 385 55 239 2 967	9 769 2 644 5 247 1 705 23 594 57 426 3 602	10 079 2 688 6 002 1 716 24 689 59 026 4 171
Total	вокн	415 469	409 719	102 862	103 489	107 056	105 468	102 040	100 176	102 035	103 987	108 371
Balances												
Food, beverages and tobacco Basic materials Oil Other fuels Semi-manufactured goods Finished manufactured goods Unspecified goods	ELBE ENXQ ENIW ELBH ELBI BQKX	-19 834 -4 759 -9 960 -6 894 -19 799 -63 203 1 874	-20 336 -4 597 -7 913 -5 843 -15 665 -68 682 -3 401	-4 987 -1 273 -1 946 -1 555 -5 734 -15 622 1 718	-4 949 -1 094 -3 849 -1 546 -5 114 -15 864 1 251	-4 957 -1 129 -2 979 -1 971 -4 436 -16 301 -1 285	-5 123 -1 163 -2 437 -2 047 -4 230 -17 473 -1 610	-4 858 -1 234 -2 020 -1 335 -3 050 -16 163 374	-5 218 -1 110 -1 784 -1 376 -3 411 -17 205 -610	-5 137 -1 090 -1 672 -1 085 -4 974 -17 841 -1 555	-5 067 -1 185 -995 -1 336 -4 357 -19 389 -523	-5 079 -1 145 -1 804 -1 206 -5 435 -18 132 -1 857
Total	BOKI	-122 575	-126 437	-29 399	-31 165	-33 058	-34 083	-28 286	-30 714	-33 354	-32 852	-34 658



												£ million
		2014	2015	2014 Q2	2014 Q3	2014 Q4	2015 Q1	2015 Q2	2015 Q3	2015 Q4	2016 Q1	2016 Q2
Exports												
Manufacturing and maintenance services	MTN7	4 115	3 355	1 132	1 041	865	1 052	671	886	746	977	921
Transport	FKOA	24 599	24 100	6 169	6 170	6 131	6 158	6 021	5 968	5 953	6 102	6 128
Travel	FAPO	28 283	29 758	7 032	7 197	7 088	7 187	7 380	7 763	7 428	7 232	7 322
Construction	FDSG	2 732	1 574	752	812	595	354	416	437	367	281	233
Insurance and pension services	FDTF	19 080	12 907	4 678	4 409	5 604	3 050	2 953	2 926	3 978	4 412	
Financial	FDYI	46 221		11 787	11 544		13 424	12 347			12 654	
Intellectual property	FEBA	12 048	11 480	2 914	3 308 3 811	3 163	2 738	2 807	2 915 4 114	3 020	3 492	
Telecommunication, computer and information services Other business	FDYQ FEHH	16 342 60 814	15 893	4 103 15 385	14 983	4 173 15 358	3 847 19 017	3 848 16 216	16 401	4 084	5 304 16 524	
Personal, cultural and recreational services	FGXJ	2 059	2 505	492	516	405	689	623	692	501	967	1 017
Government	FGZA	2 467	2 617	672	583	657	621	654	686	656	618	829
Total	IKBB	218 760	225 485	55 116	54 374	56 296	58 137	53 936	55 013	58 399	58 563	58 038
Imports												
Manufacturing and maintenance services	MTN6	1 021	949	248	283	208	346	226	249	128	226	194
Transport	FHME	18 404	21 739	4 582	5 247	4 292	5 291	5 287	5 516	5 645	5 350	5 692
Travel	APQL	38 045	41 415	9 723	13 245	7 670	9 929	10 155		10 911	11 352	11 291
Construction	FIOU	1 964	1 154	383	449	583	352	343	247	212	301	340
Insurance and pension services	FIPT	2 269	151	545	587	585	34	28	42	47	106	150
Financial	FITY	11 989	8 695	3 176	2 883	3 029	2 151	2 104	2 216	2 224	2 430	2 597
Intellectual property	FIVX	6 318	8 132	1 727	1 504	1 298	1 819	2 036	2 070	2 207	1 974	
Telecommunication, computer and information services		9 830	9 248	2 315	2 497	2 405	2 228	2 280	2 381	2 359	2 638	2 716
Other business Personal, cultural and recreational services	FIWF FLQJ	34 481 3 664	40 411 3 208	7 767 895	3 596 901	9 69 1	10 338 815	9 881 777	784	10 379 832	9 754 847	9 633 826
Government	FLSA	4 423	2 620	992	1 194	1 230	689	716	537	678	708	774
Total	IKBC	132 408	137 722	32 353	32 386	31 905	33 992	33 833	34 275	35 622	35 686	36 071
Balances												
Manufacturing and maintenance services	MTN8	3 094	2 406	884	758	657	706	445	637	618	751	727
Transport	FLYS	6 195	2 361	1 587	923	1 839	867	734	452	308	752	436
Travel	FNGY	-9 762					-2 742	-2 775		-3 483	-4 120	
Construction	FNJM	768	420	369	363	12	2	73	190	155	-20	-107
Insurance and pension services	FNKF	16 811	12 756	4 133	3 822	5 019	3 016	2 925	2 884	3 931	4 306	4 251
Financial	FNLQ	34 232	42 074	8 611	8 661		11 273		10 009			
Intellectual property	FNMR	5 730	3 348	1 187	1 804	1 865	919	771	845	813	1 518	1 549
Telecommunication, computer and information services		6 512	6 645	1 788 7 618	1 314	1 768 5 667	1 619 8 679	1 568	1 733	1 725 8 514	2 666	2 579 6 226
Other business Personal, cultural and recreational services	FNMZ FNRB	26 333 -1 605	30 116 -703	7 618 -403	11 387 -385	5 667 -509	-126	6 335 -154	6 588 -92	8 514 -331	6 770 120	191
Government	FNRU	-1 956	-703 -3	-320	-365 -611	-509 -573	-126 -68	-154 -62	-92 149	-331 -22	-90	55
Total	IKBD	86 352	87 763	22 763	21 988	24 391	24 145	20 103	20 738	22 777	22 877	21 967





Credits Compensation of employees I JAH 1 080 1 295 267 277 260 307 319 416 253 3 Investment income Earnings on direct investment abroad Earnings on portfolio investment abroad Earnings on equity securities CGDT 22 239 24 045 5 202 5 610 5 902 5 858 5 652 6 849 5 686 6 1 Earnings on equity securities Earnings on debt securities CGDT 22 239 24 045 5 202 5 610 5 902 5 858 5 652 6 849 5 686 6 1 Total portfolio investment CGDV 44 278 48 483 11 490 11 063 10 931 11 727 12 292 13 170 11 294 12 2 Earnings on other investment abroad Earnings on reserve assets CGDW 22 917 20 494 6 222 5 529 5 461 5 069 5 349 4 939 5 137 5 6 Earnings on other investment abroad Earnings on reserve assets HBOK 139 005 136 331 36 009 32 916 34 349 37 057 3	11 Q2 0 327 15 15 282 10 5 879 13 5 791 13 11 670 16 6 057 18 260 16 33 269 16 562 12 34 158
Compensation of employees IJAH 1 080 1 295 267 277 260 307 319 416 253 3 3 Investment income Earnings on direct investment abroad Earnings on portfolio investment abroad Earnings on equity securities CGDT 22 239 24 045 5 202 5 610 5 902 5 858 5 652 6 849 5 686 6 1 Earnings on debt securities CGDU 22 039 24 438 6 288 5 453 5 029 5 869 6 640 6 321 5 608 6 1 Total portfolio investment abroad Earnings on other investment abroad CGDW 44 278 48 48 483 11 490 11 063 10 931 11 727 12 292 13 170 11 294 12 2	0 327 5 15 282 6 5 879 3 5 791 7 11 670 6 6 057 8 260 6 33 269 6 562 2 34 158
Investment income Earnings on direct investment abroad MTX2 71 164 66 499 18 140 16 163 17 783 20 078 18 129 15 439 12 853 13 0 Earnings on portfolio investment abroad Earnings on equity securities CGDT 22 239 24 045 5 202 5 610 5 902 5 858 5 652 6 849 5 686 6 1 Earnings on debt securities CGDU 22 039 24 438 6 288 5 453 5 029 5 869 6 640 6 321 5 608 6 1 Total portfolio investment CGDV 44 278 48 483 11 490 11 063 10 931 11 727 12 292 13 170 11 294 12 2 Earnings on other investment abroad Earnings on reserve assets HHCC 646 855 157 161 174 183 198 225 249 2 Total investment income HBOK 139 005 136 331 36 009 32 916 34 349 37 057 35 968 33 773 29 533 31 2 Other primary income MT5T 2 306 1 961 563 563 563 563 563 466 466 466 466 466 Total HBOH 142 391 139 587 36 839 33 756 35 172 37 927 36 753 34 655 30 252 32 0 Total	5 15 282 5 5 879 6 5 879 7 791 7 11 670 7 260 7 260 7 3 269 7 5 62 7 2 34 158
Earnings on portfolio investment abroad Earnings on portfolio investment abroad Earnings on equity securities CGDT C	50 5 879 13 5 791 13 11 670 10 6 057 18 260 16 33 269 16 562 12 34 158
Earnings on equity securities CGDT CGDU CGDV 22 239 24 045 5 202 5 610 5 902 5 858 5 652 6 849 5 686 6 1 Total portfolio investment CGDV 44 278 48 483 11 490 11 063 10 931 11 727 12 292 13 170 11 294 12 2 Earnings on other investment abroad Earnings on other investment abroad Earnings on reserve assets Earnings on other investment abroad Earnings on reserve assets HECC 646 855 157 161 174 183 198 225 249 2 Total investment income MT5T 2 306 1 961 563 563 563 563 466 466 466 466 466 HBOH 142 391 139 587 36 839 33 756 35 172 37 927 36 753 34 655 30 252 32 0	3 5 791 3 11 670 60 6 057 88 260 66 33 269 66 562 2 34 158
Earnings on other investment abroad Earnings on reserve assets HCC 646 855 157 161 174 183 198 225 249 2 Total investment income HBOK 139 005 136 331 36 009 32 916 34 349 37 057 35 968 33 773 29 533 31 2 Other primary income MT5T 2 306 1 961 563 563 563 563 563 466 466 466	60 6 057 68 260 6 33 269 66 562 22 34 158
Earnings on reserve assets HHCC 646 855 157 161 174 183 198 225 249 2 Total investment income HBOK 139 005 136 331 36 009 32 916 34 349 37 057 35 968 33 773 29 533 31 2 Other primary income MT5T 2 306 1 961 563 563 563 563 563 466 466 466	6 33 269 6 562 2 34 158
Other primary income MT5T 2 306 1 961 563 563 563 563 466 466 466 4 Total HBOH 142 391 139 587 36 839 33 756 35 172 37 927 36 753 34 655 30 252 32 0	6 562 2 34 158
Total нвон 142 391 139 587 36 839 33 756 35 172 37 927 36 753 34 655 30 252 32 0	2 34 158
Debits	5 410
	5 410
Compensation of employees IJAI 1 550 1 384 356 416 426 355 378 356 295 2	
Investment income Foreign earnings on direct investment in the UK MTU7 57 873 69 427 12 865 14 523 17 739 21 202 15 289 13 840 19 096 16 7	2 17 263
Foreign earnings on portfolio investment in the UK Earnings on equity securities HGOT 29 877 33 197 7 776 7 097 6 929 7 591 10 079 7 619 7 908 7 8 Earnings on debt securities CGDX 40 045 37 939 10 074 9 957 9 793 9 566 9 745 9 436 9 192 9 4	
Total portfolio investment CGDZ 69 922 71 136 17 850 17 054 16 722 17 157 19 824 17 055 17 100 17 3	6 16 917
Earnings on other investment in the UK CGEB 33 852 31 432 9 244 8 039 8 150 7 760 7 987 7 718 7 967 8 3	7 8 736
Total investment income HBOL 161 647 171 995 39 959 39 616 42 611 46 119 43 100 38 613 44 163 42 4	5 42 916
Other primary income MT5v 2 960 3 087 750 738 768 798 768 760 761 8	3 806
Total HBOI 166 157 176 466 41 065 40 770 43 805 47 272 44 246 39 729 45 219 43 5	3 44 132
Balances	
Compensation of employees IJAJ -470 -89 -89 -139 -166 -48 -59 60 -42	5 –83
Investment income Direct investment MU7F 13 291 -2 928 5 275 1 640 44 -1 124 2 840 1 599 -6 243 -3 7	7 –1 981
	35 –1 757 8 –3 490
Total portfolio investment CGEE -25 644 -22 653 -6 360 -5 991 -5 791 -5 430 -7 532 -3 885 -5 806 -5 0	3 –5 247
Other investment CGFF -10 935 -10 938 -3 022 -2 510 -2 689 -2 691 -2 638 -2 779 -2 830 -2 78 Reserve assets HHCC 646 855 157 161 174 183 198 225 249 2	7 –2 679 8 260
Total investment income HBOM	9 -9 647
Other primary income MT5X -654 -1 126 -187 -175 -205 -235 -302 -294 -295 -3	7 –244
Total HBOJ -23 766 -36 879 -4 226 -7 014 -8 633 -9 345 -7 493 -5 074 -14 967 -11 5	1 –9 974

Seasonally adjusted												£ million
		2014	2015	2014 Q2	2014 Q3	2014 Q4	2015 Q1	2015 Q2	2015 Q3	2015 Q4	2016 Q1	2016 Q2
Credits												
General government												
Receipts from EU Institutions: Abatement	FKKM	4 416	4 913	1 234	761	1 278	1 335	1 173	786	1 619	846	748
Other EU receipts	GTTA	126	69	10	64	36	24	7	44	-6	14	4
Other receipts	CGDN	544	476	133	142	141	132	124	120	100	111	140
Total general government	FHDM	5 086	5 458	1 377	967	1 455	1 491	1 304	950	1 713	971	892
Other sectors												
Receipts from EU Institutions:												
Social fund ECSC Grant	H5U3 FHHS	236	543	207	35	-5	103	14	294	132	89	25
Other receipts	CGDO	13 925	12 976	3 683	3 423	3 236	3 336	3 226	3 240	3 174	3 588	3 729
Total other sectors	FHIB	14 161	13 519	3 890	3 458	3 231	3 439	3 240	3 534	3 306	3 677	3 754
Total	IKBN	19 247	18 977	5 267	4 425	4 686	4 930	4 544	4 484	5 019	4 648	4 646
Debits												
General government												
Payments to EU institutions GNI: own resource	MUV7	14 472	15 651	4 460	2 685	3 439	3 973	4 211	2 624	4 843	3 660	3 021
GNI adjustments	MUV8	1 678	854	_	_	1 678	248	-	66	540	-469	-
Other	FLMT	-3	1	_	-	-3	-	1	-	-	-	-
Other payments	CGDP	9 783	9 377	2 877	2 337	2 808	1 891	2 220	2 787	2 479	2 128	2 681
Total general government	FLUD	25 930	25 883	7 337	5 022	7 922	6 112	6 432	5 477	7 862	5 319	5 702
Other sectors												
Payments to EU institutions	CGDR			.			=	.	=			
Other payments	CGDS	18 326	17 708	4 789	4 540	4 309	4 507	4 400	4 447	4 354	4 812	4 963
Total other sectors	FLUZ	18 326	17 708	4 789	4 540	4 309	4 507	4 400	4 447	4 354	4 812	4 963
Total	IKBO	44 256	43 591	12 126	9 562	12 231	10 619	10 832	9 924	12 216	10 131	10 665
Balances												
General government	FNSV	-20 844	-20 425	-5 960	-4 055	-6 467	-4 621	-5 128	-4 527	-6 149	-4 348	-4 810
Other sectors	FNTC	-4 165	-4 189	-899	-1 082	-1 078	-1 068	-1 160	-913	-1 048	-1 135	-1 209
Total	IKBP	-25 009	-24 614	-6 859	-5 137	−7 545	-5 689	-6 288	-5 440	−7 197	-5 483	-6 019
Of which: EU institutions ¹	GTTB	-11 369	-10 981	-3 009	-1 825	-3 805	-2 759	-3 018	-1 566	-3 638	-2 242	-2 244

¹ For a complete picture of UK official transactions with institutions of the EU, the balance of other primary income -£1,126 million, a credit of £772 million for export of services (UK charges for collection of duties) and a capital account credit of approximately £915 million should be included giving a 2015 balance of approximately -£10,420 million.

Capital account Seasonally adjusted

												million
		2014	2015	2014 Q2	2014 Q3	2014 Q4	2015 Q1	2015 Q2	2015 Q3	2015 Q4	2016 Q1	2016 Q2
Credits												
Capital transfers Central government Debt forgiveness Other capital transfers	FHIV	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total central government	FHJA											
iotai centrai government	FHIU	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other sectors Debt forgiveness EU Institutions:	FHJD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Regional development fund Agricultural fund for regional development Other capital transfers	GTTX FHJF EBGO	1 054 567 –	454 461 –	685 222 –	20 110 -	322 141 –	279 60 -	31 253 –	50 128 -	94 20 –	122 217 -	31 253 –
Total EU institutions	GTTY	1 621	915	907	130	463	339	284	178	114	339	284
Total other sectors	FHJB	1 621	915	907	130	463	339	284	178	114	339	284
Total capital transfers	FHIT	1 621	915	907	130	463	339	284	178	114	339	284
Disposal of non-produced, non-financial assets	FHJL	585	762	71	157	291	51	83	179	449	351	310
Total	FHLD	2 206	1 677	978	287	754	390	367	357	563	690	594
Debits												
Capital transfers Central government												
Debt forgiveness Other capital transfers (project grants)	FLWD FLWH	82 1 614	92 1 725	- 478	153	901	12 167	80 445	189	924	12 31	762
Total central government	FLWB	1 696	1 817	478	153	901	179	525	189	924	43	762
Other sectors Debt forgiveness												
Monetary financial institutions Public corporations	FLWL HMLY	- 40	_ 1	_	_	_	_ 1	_	_	_	_	_
Total debt forgiveness Other capital transfers	JCWM FLWQ	40	1 –	-	-	_	1 -	-	-	_	-	
Total other sectors	FLWI	40	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	_
Total capital transfers	FLWA	1 736	1 818	478	153	901	180	525	189	924	43	762
Acquisitions of non-produced, non-financial assets	FLWT	885	910	159	486	134	131	165	459	155	124	125
Total	FLYL	2 621	2 728	637	639	1 035	311	690	648	1 079	167	887
Balances												
Capital transfers												
Central government Debt forgiveness Other capital transfers	FNTM FNTN	-82 -1 614	-92 -1 725	- -478	_ -153	_ -901	-12 -167	-80 -445	- -189	_ -924	-12 -31	- -762
Total central government	FNTL	-1 696	-1 817	-478	-153	-901	-179	-525	-189	-924	-43	-762
Other sectors												
Debt forgiveness Other capital transfers	FNTQ FNTR	-40 1 621	-1 915	907	130	463	-1 339	_ 284	- 178	114	339	284
Total other sectors	FNTO	1 581	914	907	130	463	338	284	178	114	339	284
Total capital transfers	FNTK	-115	-903	429	-23	-438	159	-241	-11	-810	296	-478
Non-produced, non-financial assets	FNTS	-300	-148	-88	-329	157	-80	-82	-280	294	227	185
Total	FNVQ	-415	-1 051	341	-352	-281	79	-323	-291	-516	523	-293



Not seasonally adjusted												£ million
		2014	2015	2014 Q2	2014 Q3	2014 Q4	2015 Q1	2015 Q2	2015 Q3	2015 Q4		2016 Q2
UK investment abroad (Net acquisition of financial assets)												
Direct investment abroad Equity capital other than reinvestment of earnings Reinvestment of earnings Debt instruments	-HJYM -HDNY -N2RN	-72 261 -15 901 15 079	-53 -3 194 -38 771			7 337 -6 339 -25 093	174 –60 –35 372	-4 917	-2 211 1 677 -3 110	106	-187	-814 -213 11 254
Total direct investment abroad	-N2SV	-73 083	-42 018 ·	-22 154	30 685	-24 095	-35 258	-7 010	-3 644	3 894	-11 768	10 227
Portfolio investment abroad Equity and investment fund shares Debt securities	-HBVI -XBMW	-23 423 30 607	-25 422 1 024					-18 944 -34 778				-6 648 -35 744
Total portfolio investment abroad	-HHZC	7 184	-24 398	11 130	-9 480	10 812	22 512	-53 722	1 389	5 423	-49 271	-42 392
Financial derivatives & employee stock options Other investment abroad Reserve assets	-ZPNN -XBMM -LTCV		-31 783 -107 156 21 079	-22 186 5 439 825	9 826 70 194 –665	-35 557		-18 064 -71 541 1 101			4 716	-16 963 93 264 2 791
Total	-HBNR	51 458	-184 27 6 ·	-26 946	100 560	–44 598	7 662	-149 23 6	7 532	–50 23 4	-18 737	46 927
Investment in the UK (Net incurrance of liabilities)												
Direct investment in the UK Equity capital other than reinvestment of earnings Reinvestment of earnings Debt instruments	HJYR CYFV N2R7	17 812 9 976 16 496	26 065 22 209 -15 072		2 574 6 573 –16 758		4 089 11 454 24 100	6 133 4 767 –42 901	7 450 3 484 5 338	8 393 2 504 –1 609		1 461 6 732 4 010
Total direct investment in the UK	N2SA	44 284	33 202	-19 085	-7 611	13 973	39 643	-32 001	16 272	9 288	58 994	12 203
Portfolio investment in the UK Equity and investment fund shares Debt securities	XBLW XBLX	17 804 113 447	74 309 166 660		11 320 33 025			31 987 30 857			-34 375 20 272	11 775 50 911
Total portfolio investment in the UK	HHZF	131 251	240 969	50 597	44 345	43 154	64 655	62 844	36 309	77 161	-14 103	62 686
Other investment in the UK	XBMN	-45 488	–358 976 ·	-47 182	82 094	-71 080	-60 028	-173 343	-30 909	-94 696	-33 169	-13 435
Total	HBNS	130 047	-84 805 ·	-15 670	118 828	–13 953	44 270	-142 500	21 672	−8 247	11 722	61 454
Net transactions (net assets <i>less</i> net liabilities)												
Direct investment Equity capital other than reinvestment of earnings Reinvestment of earnings Debt instruments	-HBWN -HBWT -MU7L	-25 877	-26 118 -25 403 -23 699	-9 922	-5 628	-10 768	-11 514	-9 684	-1 807	-2 398	-53 978 -6 779 -10 005	-2 275 -6 945 7 244
Total net direct investment	-MU7M	-117 367	-75 220	-3 069	38 296	-38 068	-74 901	24 991	-19 916	-5 394	-70 762	-1 976
Portfolio investment Equity and investment fund shares Debt securities	-HBWV -HBWX		-99 731 -165 636									-18 423 -86 655
Total net portfolio investment	-HHZD	-124 067	–265 367 ·	-39 467	-53 825	-32 342	-42 143	-116 566	-34 920	-71 738	-35 168	-105 078
Financial derivatives & employee stock options Other investment Reserve assets	-ZPNN -HHYR -LTCV		-31 783 251 820 21 079		9 826 -11 900 -665	35 523					37 885	
Total	-HBNT	-78 589	-99 471 ·	-11 276	-18 268	-30 645	-36 608	-6 736	-14 140	-41 987	-30 459	-14 527

<sup>When downloading data from the Pink Book dataset users should reverse the sign of series that have an identifier that is prefixed with a minus sign.

Further detail of the quarterly financial account is published in tables B8 to B13 of United Kingdom Economic Accounts at http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/search/index.html?newquery=ukea</sup>



		2014	2015	2014	2014	2014	2015	2015	2015	2015	2016	2016
		2014	2015	2014 Q2	Q3	2014 Q4	2015 Q1	2015 Q2	Q3	2015 Q4	2016 Q1	2016 Q2
JK Assets												
Direct investment abroad												
Equity and investment fund shares	CGMO	1 076.7	1 105.1		1 076.7	1 076.7		1 138.3	1 135.7	1 105.1	1 102.5	1 150.4
Debt instruments	N2TT	307.2	291.5	302.9	332.5	307.2	291.5	284.1	286.9	291.5	247.0	264.3
Total direct investment abroad	N2V3	1 383.9	1 396.7	1 354.0	1 409.2	1 383.9	1 363.6	1 422.4	1 422.6	1 396.7	1 349.5	1 414.7
Portfolio investment abroad												
Equity and investment fund shares	HEPX	1 154.5				1 154.5				1 126.5	1 115.0	
Debt securities	HHZX	1 392.4	1 423.4	1 312.4	1 347.3	1 392.4	1 452.5	1 361.5	1 418.4	1 423.4	1 464.8	1 517.1
Total portfolio investment abroad	HHZZ	2 546.9	2 549.9	2 419.2	2 454.1	2 546.9	2 645.9	2 500.6	2 432.9	2 549.9	2 579.8	2 677.8
Financial derivatives & employee stock options	JX96	2 828.6	2 430.8	2 170.1	2 462.6	2 828.6	2 957.5	2 384.5	2 647.7	2 430.8	2 728.7	2 972.7
Other investment abroad	HLXV	3 547.3	3 401.6	3 466.6	3 552.3	3 547.3	3 552.3	3 345.5	3 441.7	3 401.6	3 557.3	3 848.6
Reserve assets	LTEB	67.7	87.5	64.0	63.3	67.7	80.1	77.3	85.3	87.5	95.9	106.1
Total	HBQA	10 374.4	9 866.5	9 473.9	9 941.5	10 374.4	10 599.3	9 730.2	10 030.2	9 866.5	10 311.2	11 020.0
JK Liabilities												
Direct investment in the UK												
Equity and investment fund shares Debt instruments	HBUY N2TD	880.9 468.8	962.0 427.8	801.2 490.2	891.2 472.4	880.9 468.8	899.0 455.2		911.9 437.7	962.0 427.8	888.9 383.5	878.0 409.6
Total direct investment in the UK	N2UG	1 349.7	1 389.8	1 291.4	1 363.5	1 349.7	1 354.1	1 330.6	1 349.6	1 389.8	1 272.4	1 287.6
Portfolio investment in the UK Equity and investment fund shares	HLXX	1 075.7	1 160.0	1 047.6	1 053.5	1 075.7	1 155.0	1 156.1	1 103.1	1 160.0	1 140.7	1 153.9
Debt securities	HLXY	1 640.0	1 711.7		1 616.8	1 640.0			1 688.1		1 743.8	1 894.1
Total portfolio investment in the UK	HLXW	2 715.7	2 871.7	2 625.0	2 670.3	2 715.7	2 872.5	2 785.9	2 791.2	2 871.7	2 884.6	3 048.0
Financial derivatives & ampleyee stock entions	TV 0.7	2 806.5	2 441 7	2 120 1	2 422.1	2 806.5	2 061 1	2 401 4	2 652.2	2 441 7	2 704 1	2 988.0
Financial derivatives & employee stock options Other investment in the UK	HLYD		3 432.5			3 823.9				3 432.5	3 547.5	3 753.5
Total	HBQB	10 695.8	10 135.7	9 775.6	10 280.7	10 695.8	10 935.4	9 962.2	10 311.5	10 135.7	10 408.6	11 077.0
Net International Investment Position												
Direct investment												
Equity and investment fund shares Debt instruments	HBSH MU7N	195.8 –161.6	143.1 -136.3	249.8 -187.3	185.5 -139.9	195.8 –161.6	173.1 –163.7	256.0 -164.2	223.8 -150.8	143.1 -136.3	213.6 -136.5	272.5 -145.3
Total net direct investment	MU70	34.2	6.9	62.6	45.6	34.2	9.4		73.0	6.9	77.1	127.1
Portfolio investment		70.0		50.0		70.0					05.7	
Equity and investment fund shares Debt securities	CGNE CGNF	78.8 –247.6	-33.5 -288.3	59.2 -264.9	53.2 –269.5	78.8 –247.6	38.3 -264.9	-17.1 -268.2	-88.6 -269.7	-33.5 -288.3	–25.7 –279.1	6.8 –376.9
Total net portfolio investment	CGNH	-168.7	-321.8	-205.7	-216.3	-168.7	-226.6	-285.3	-358.3	-321.8	-304.8	-370.1
Financial derivatives & employee stock options	JX98 CGNG	22.1 –276.6	-10.9 -31.0	41.0 –263.5	40.6 -272.5	22.1 -276.6	–3.6 –195.3		-4.6 -76.7	-10.9 -31.0	24.6 9.8	-15.2 95.1
()ther investment		£10.0	01.0	د.ننے	<i>_1 _2</i> . J	£10.0	100.0	30.0	10.1	01.0		JJ. I
Other investment Reserve assets	LTEB	67.7	87.5	64.0	63.3	67.7	80.1	77.3	85.3	87.5	95.9	106.1

¹ Further detail of the quarterly international investment position is published in tables B14 to B19 of United Kingdom Economic Accounts at http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/search/index.html?newquery=ukea

Summary of revisions since last Balance of Payments Statistical Bulletin Balances (net transactions)

		-										£ million
		2014	2015	2014 Q1	2014 Q2	2014 Q3	2014 Q4	2015 Q1	2015 Q2	2015 Q3	2015 Q4	2016 Q1
Seasonally adjusted												
Current account												
Trade in goods and services												
Trade in goods Trade in services	BOKI IKBD	_	–106 –	_	_	_	_	–290 –	–1 997 –	1 124 -	1 057 –	1 453 604
Total trade	IKBJ		-106	_	_	_	_	-290	-1 997	1 124	1 057	2 057
Primary income												
Compensation of employees	IJAJ	-	114	-	-	-	-	-1	41	43	31	58
Investment income Other primary income	HBOM MT5X	_	92 –69	_	_	_	_	164 –1	-410 -22	255 –23	83 –23	3 332 -25
Total primary income	нвој		137	_		_	_	162	-391	275	91	3 365
Secondary income												
General government	FNSV	_	53	_	_	_	_	87	-67	-37	70	169
Other sectors	FNTC		10	-	-	-	-	1	-	5	4	3
Total secondary income	IKBP	_	63	-	-	-	-	88	-67	-32	74	172
Current balance	НВОР	-	94	-	-	-	-	-40	-2 455	1 367	1 222	5 594
Capital balance	FNVQ	-	78	_	-	-	-	19	8	82	–31	287
Not seasonally adjusted												
Current account												
Trade in goods and services			400							0.40	450	0.407
Trade in goods Trade in services	LQCT KTMS	_	–106 –	_	_	_	_	-66 -	-1 036 -	846 -	150 -	2 127 1 563
Total trade	KTMY		-106	_	_	_	_	-66	-1 036	846	150	3 690
Primary income												
Compensation of employees	KTMP	_	114	_	_	_	-	_	38	38	38	55
Investment income	HMBM	_	92 –69	_	_	_	_	19 _	18	33 –23	22 –23	3 333 -23
Other primary income	MT5W								-23			
Total primary income	HMBP	-	137	-	_	_	_	19	33	48	37	3 365
Secondary income												
General government Other sectors	FJUQ FJUR	_	53 10	_	_	_	_	_	42	–27 5	38 5	51 3
Total secondary income	KTNF	_	63	-	-	-	-	-	42	–22	43	54
Current balance	нвод	-	94	-	-	-	-	-47	-961	872	230	7 109
Capital balance	FKMJ	-	78	-	-	-	-	-	12	84	-18	265
Financial account ¹												
Direct investment	-MU7M	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	.=	_	_	-9 717
		_		_	_	_	_					-1 741 -921
		_		_	_	_	_	_				15 806
Reserve assets	-LTCV	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net financial transactions	-HBNT	_	-15	-	-	-	-	8	41	-61	-3	3 427
Net errors and omissions ²	ннрн	_	-187	_	_	_	_	55	990	-1 017	-215	-3 947
Financial account ¹ Direct investment Portfolio investment Financial derivatives (net) Other investment Reserve assets Net financial transactions	-MU7M -HHZD -ZPNN -HHYR -LTCV -HBNT	-	-15 -187	-	 	- - -	- - -	8	- 15 - 26 -	 -21 -40 -61	- 22 - -25 - -	_

<sup>When downloading data from the Pink Book dataset users should reverse the sign of series that have an identifier that is prefixed with a minus sign.

This series represents net errors and omissions in the balance of payments accounts. It is the converse of the current and capital balances (HBOG and FKMJ) and net financial account transactions (HBNT) and is required to balance these three accounts, not seasonally adjusted.</sup>

R2 Current account revisions since last Balance of Payments Statistical Bulletin Seasonally adjusted

		2014	2015	2014	2014	2014	2014	2015	2015	2015	2015	2016
Credits				Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1
Exports of goods and services Exports of goods Exports of services	BOKG IKBB	_	-1 573 -	_	_	_	_	-115 -	-455 -	-667 -	-336 -	1 186 655
Total exports of goods and services	IKBH		-1 573	_	_	_	_	-115	-455	-667	-336	1 841
Primary income Compensation of employees	IJAH	_	_	_	_	_	_	-1	3	5	-7	26
Investment income Other primary income	HBOK MT5T	_	- -69	_	_	_	_	-62 -	204 -23	-68 -23	−74 −23	2 398 –23
Total primary income	нвон	_	-69	-	-	-	-	-63	184	-86	-104	2 401
Secondary income Central government Other sectors	FHDM FHIB		-45 10	_	_	_	_	-33 -2	76 -3	-36 5	-52 10	-38 60
Total secondary income	IKBN		-35	_	_	_	_	-35	73	-31	-42	22
Total	HBON	-	-1 677	-	-	-	_	-213	-198	-784	-482	4 264
Debits												
Imports of goods and services												
Imports of goods Imports of services	BOKH IKBC	- -	-1 467 -	_	_	_	_	175 -	1 542 -	-1 791 -	-1 393 -	-267 51
Total imports of goods and services	IKBI	_	-1 467	-	-	-	-	175	1 542	-1 791	-1 393	-216
Primary income Compensation of employees	IJAI	_	-114				_	_	-38	-38	-38	-32
Investment income Other primary income	HBOL MT5V	- - -	-92 -	_		_	- -	-226 1	614 -1	-323 -	-157 -	-934 2
Total primary income	нвоі		-206	_	_	_	_	-225	575	-361	-195	-964
Secondary income Central government	FLUD	_	-98	_	_	_	_	-120	143	1	-122	-207
Other sectors	FLUZ		_	_	_	_	_	-3	-3	<u> </u>	6	57
Total secondary income	IKBO	-	-98	-	-	-	-	-123	140	1	-116	-150
Total	нвоо	-	–1 771	-	-	-	-	–173	2 257	−2 151	−1 704	−1 330
Balances												
Trade in goods and services	2011		100					200	1 007	1 104	1.057	1 450
Trade in goods Trade in services	BOKI IKBD	-	–106 –	_	_	_	_	–290 –	–1 997 –	1 124 –	1 057 –	1 453 604
Total trade in goods and services	IKBJ	-	-106	-	-	-	-	-290	-1 997	1 124	1 057	2 057
Primary income Compensation of employees	IJAJ	_	114	_	_	_	_	-1	41	43	31	58
Investment income Other primary income	HBOM	-	92 –69	-	-	-	-	164 -1	-410 -22	255	83	3 332
Total primary income	MT5X HBOJ		137					162	-22 -391	-23 275	-23 91	-25 3 365
Secondary income												
Central government Other sectors	FNSV FNTC	-	53 10	_	_	_	_	87 1	–67 –	–37 5	70 4	169 3
Total secondary income	IKBP	_	63	-	-	-	-	88	-67	-32	74	172
Current balance	нвор	-	94	-	-	-	-	-40	–2 455	1 367	1 222	5 594
Balances as a percentage of GDP ¹												
Trade in goods and services Trade in goods Trade in services	D28J D28K	_	0.1	-	-	-	-	-0.1 -	-0.4 -	0.2	0.2	0.3 0.1
Total trade in goods and services	D28L								-0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4
Total primary income	D28M	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-0.1	_	_	0.7
Total secondary income	D28N	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Current balance as percentage of GDP	AA6H	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-0.5	0.3	0.2	1.2

¹ Using series YBHA: GDP at current market prices

Revisions to international investment since last Balance of Payments Statistical Bulletin

Not seasonally adjusted £ billion 2014 2014 2015 2014 2014 2014 2015 2015 2015 2015 2016 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Investment abroad International Investment Position Direct investment N2V3 15.7 Portfolio investment HH7.7 -6.2Financial derivatives JX96 Other investment -0.1-0.1 -0.1 29.7 HLXV Reserve assets LTEB Total HBQA -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 39.1 Financial Account transactions¹ 10.9 Direct investment -N2SV -3.9 Portfolio investment -HHZC Financial derivatives (net) -ZPNN -0.9 Other investment -0.1 16.2 -XBMM Reserve assets -LTCV Total 22.3 -0.1-HBNR Investment income earnings Direct investment N2QP 3.0 Portfolio investment HLYX -0.4 Other investment AIOP Reserve assets HHCB Total HMBN 2.6 Investment in the UK International Investment Position 17.7 N2UG Direct investment Portfolio investment 0.1 HLXW -20.3 Financial derivatives JX97 Other investment 11.3 Total нвов 0.1 8.7 Financial Account transactions 20.6 Direct investment N2SA Portfolio investment Other investment 0.4 Total -0.1 HBNS -0.118.9 Investment income Direct investment N2Q4 -0.7 -0.1 -0.2 Portfolio investment HLZC Other investment HLZN 0.2 Total -0.1_ -0.7 нмво Net investment International Investment Position Direct investment ми70 -2.0-0.1 14.1 Portfolio investment CGNH Financial derivatives JX98 Other investment -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 18.4 CGNG Reserve assets Net investment HBQC -0.1 -0.1 -0.1 30.4 Financial Accounts transactions¹ -MU7M -9.7 Direct investment Portfolio investment -HHZD -1.7Financial derivatives -ZPNN Other investment 15.8 Reserve assets -LTCV Net transactions -HBNT -0.1 3.4 Investment income earnings Direct investment MU7E Portfolio investment 0.1 -0.3 HLZX Other investment CGNA -0.1 Reserve assets HHCB _ Net earnings HMBM 0.1 3.3

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